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VOL. XXII NO. 141 BOMBAY FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

CONGRESS H. Q. TO BE RESTORED TO NATION

SWARAJIST-DEMOCRAT COALITION

Congress Board's Achievement

Big Electioneering "Putsch" Planned

MANIFESTO IN MAKING

The important topic which dominated informal discussions at the meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board on Thursday afternoon was the Pact arrived at between Mr. M. S. Aney on behalf of the Board and Mr. N. C. Kelkar representing the Democratic Swaraj Party in regard to the running of candidates from the Maharashtra for the Assembly elections.

The Agreement between the parties, it is believed, will help to consolidate the position of the Congress Swarajists in the Assembly.

TERMS OF AGREEMENT

There are nine clauses in the Agreement.

The most outstanding feature of this pact is that the Democratic Swaraj Party will be represented on the Congress Parliamentary Board by 8 members. The Board so constituted will be recognised as the final authority in the matter of selecting candidates for the Assembly elections.

Mr. M. S. Aney and Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande were chiefly instrumental in bringing about the coalition. The agreement was signed by Mr. M. S. Aney and others on behalf of the Congress Board and Mr. N. C. Kelkar and others representing the Democratic Swaraj Party.

Conversations lasting for nearly eight hours at the residence of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai on Thursday resulted in considerable spade work being done in the matter of giving shape to the future programme of the Congress Swarajists.

For instance, the Propaganda Sub-Committee of the Board decided on launching the election campaign almost immedately by holding a public meeting in Bombay on June 17.

Broadcasting leaflets, publishing short newspaper articles exhorting people to vote for Congress candidates, arranging wireless talks on the same subject, holding meetings and writing articles exposing the White Paper—these items formed part of the exhaustive election campaign planned by the Sub-Committee.

Apart from this, members of the Board would go on lecture tours in several provinces to give a big push to the election campaign.

The members of the Propaganda Sub-Committee who participated in the discussions are Pundit Malaviya, Chairman, Dr. Bidhan Roy, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. S. Satyamurti, Mr. Asaf Ali, Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani and Mr. M. S. Aney.

SINEWS OF WAR.

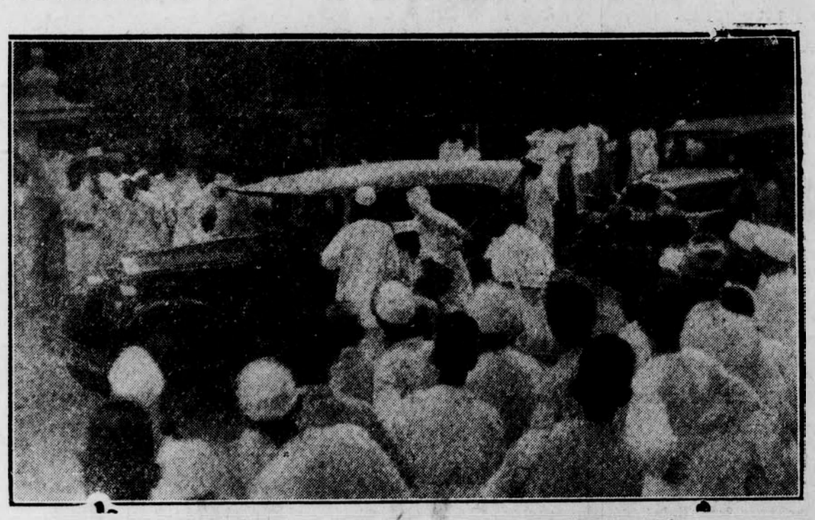
The question of raising funds for carrying on the work of the Board was discussed at the meeting of the Finance Sub-Committee, and it was decided that Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai be empowered to collect the necessary funds and also be authorised to operate on the account to be opened.

The Election Manifesto drafted by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai was the subject of debate due to the fact that it was held by some members that the Board should declare its attitude towards the question of the Communal Award. This question presented difficulties, and it is expected to be finally solved after consultation that is to take place with Mahatma Gandhi on Friday.

BOARD RULES.

Most of the time on Thursday was devoted to the framing of the rules of the Board. These rules are almost on the same lines as that of the old Swaraj Party. The rules had been drafted by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, but had to be considered clause by clause and discussions lasted up to a late hour in the night.

The Parliamentary Board resumes its sitting at Mani Bhuvan to-day (Friday).



Scene at the entrance to Mani Bhuvan where Gandhiji is staying.

Members of the Gandhi Seva Sena who visited Gandhiji on Thur sday noon.

JOTTINGS FROM MANI BHUVAN DIARY

The employment of Harijans as domestic servants was suggested by Mahatma Gandhi as one of the methods of eradicating the evil of untouchability in the course of an address to the members of the Gandhi Seva Sena on Thursday. Over 50 members of this Women's Organisation met Gandhiji in a deputation at Mani Bhuvan and sought his advice as to their future programme of work. The deputation was led by Mrs. Gohsesp Captain.

Mahatma Gandhi in the course of his address advised women to take an increasing interest in the work for the uplift of Harijans and spread knowledge about health, hygiene and cleanliness among the Harijan women-folk.

Gandhiji asked if there was anybody present in the audience who could boast of having employed a Harijan in her house? There was no response to the question and Gandhiji said that it was an easy enough thing to do and was one of the best methods of solving the problem of untouchability.

A purse of Rs. 100 was presented by the Sena to Gandhiji for the Harijan Fund.

Collections en Route

During his journey to Bombay from Wardha, Mahatma Gandhi was met at most of the important stations by large crowds of people who contributed their mite to the Harijan Fund.

At Igatpuri, he was presented with a purse of Rs. 50 and at Kalyan Rs. 27. At Dadar also a purse of Rs. 40 was handed over to Gandhiji and a gold ring with Gandhiji's initials embossed on it was presented to him by a man who preferred to remain anonymous.

"Your Mite" For Harijans

"Contribute your mite to the Harijan Fund, even though it is a pice". This was Mahatma Gandhi's repeated request to crowds of people who gathered in front of Mani Bhuvan throughout the day and clamoured for his "dharshan".

The large throngs outside repeatedly raised cheers and cries of "Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai" and on one or two occasions the mand for a "dharshan" was so insistent that Gandhiji appeared on the balcony and addressed a few words to the gathering advising them to help the Harijan cause both by action and by funds.

Mani Bhuvan Visitors

Among the visitors to Mani Bhuvan on Thursday were Sir Purshottam Thakurdas, Seth Ambalal Sarabhai and a party of American teachers.

Gandhiji performed his prayers in the open compound of Mani Bhuvan, instead of the terrace, at the end of which he collected money for Harijan Fund.

"No Planning, But Plotting; No Scheme, But Scheming"

J. M. MEHTA'S CHARGE-SHEET

(Special Cable.)

GENEVA, June 14.

In an outspoken intervention in the debate at the International Labour Office Conference, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that the economic crisis in India was deepening and not lightening.

Instead of planning, they had been plotting; instead of schemes, they had been scheming.

"Our Government gives Britain preference at our expense, and hands over our currency and exchange mechanism to the London money-market. There is no industrial planning, because Government cannot move, until orders have been received from London which always considers its own preference rather than the benefit of the Indian masses."

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said: "As far as the Labour movement is concerned, the Government of India gives more recognition than employers; but even the Government of India does not follow its own Labour Legislation.

The Trade Disputes Act is already a dead letter. Out of 500 applications since the Act was passed, only four were granted by the Government. The Government is far behind other Governments regarding recognition." He hoped that the Government of India would note his observations and see whether it was able to do anything to improve the economic situation which the Finance Member had described as hopelessly depressed.

CONGRESS AND INDIAN STATES

SANGLI, June 14.

It is understood that Mr. Phadke, Secretary of the State People's Society, Sangli, has been invited by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj to come down to Bombay on June 18 with the object of discussing the Congress attitude with regaard to the states people.

It will be recalled that two telegrams were sent on June 12 to Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, President of the Congress Working Committee, at Wardha by the Sangli State Subjects Conference and State Peoples' Society respectively requesting the announcement of Congress policy regaarding the States people.—A.P.

Gandhiji's Assurance To Strike Leaders

Promises To Do His Best After Patient Hearing Of Their Case

A two-hours' conversation which Bombay strike leaders had with Mahatma Gandhi on Thursday night marked a decissive stage in the negotiations set on foot on behalf of the Congress to bring about a settlement of the city strike dispute.

THEY CONFER WITH BAPU.

The strike leaders who conferred with Gandhiji were Mr. Khandalkar, Mr. Alwe, Mr. V. H. Joshi, Mr. Abdul Majid and two other Labour leaders representing the Girni Kamgar (Red Flag) Union, Strike Committee.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, the Secretary of the Congress Labour Committee, was also present during the talks.

It is understood that the leaders acquainted Mahatmaji with the present strike situation and placed before him all the grievances of the workers.

PESSIMISTIC OUTLOOK.

There was an atmosphere of pessimism at the meeting in view of the reply that had just been received by Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas from Mr. H. P. Mody, Chairman of the Bombay Millowners' Association, signifying his unwillingness to accept the invitation he had sent some days ago for a Conference with the strike leaders.

It is understood Mahatma Ganchi gave a patient hearing to the grievances of the strikers and promised to do his best for them.

The strike leaders declined to divulge the nature of the talks they had with Gandhiji which gives rise to the hope that further attempts for mediation are being made.

It will be remembered, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas wrote to Mr. Mody sime days ago desiring to know if the Millowners were prepared to meet the strike leaders at a Conference with a view to bring about a settlement of the strike.

Mr. Mody, it appears, has now replied that in view of the changed circumstances, he did not think it necessary to accept the suggestion.

Nagpur, June 14. It is officially announced that the next session of the C. P. Legislative Council will commence at Nagpur on August 16.—A.P.

Swaraj Bhuvan Restoration

NAINITAL, June 14.

It is understood that the Government of the United Provinces have decided to hand over "Swaraj Bhuvan", Allahabad, which has been in Government Possession, to the Congress.

Orders are understood to have been passed to local officials to hand over "Swaraj Bhuvan" as soon as the Congress is in a position to take charge of it.

"Swaraj Bhuvan" was given over to the Congress by the late Pandit Motilal Nehru.—A. P.

PATNA LEADERS ILL

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, June 14.

Srikrishna Singh, Member, Congress Parliamentary Board from Bihar, who was to have left for Bombay to attend the Board's Meeting on Thursday, suddenly developed fever and had been thus prevented from leaving Patna.

Prof. Abdul Bari, a prominent Congress leader of Bihar who, had been of late in bad health is again reported to have developed fever.

He has lost in weight.

During the last week he had a serious attack of dysentery which however subsided.

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9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Teachers B.A., B.T., M.A., L.T., Lady Doctors, fully qualified Nurses (up-country), Cork-tipped Cigarettes' Operator, Dental Mechanic. Apply "Dalal", 369-71, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (2570).

Wanted a teacher for Karachi. Graduate, M.A., B.T., strong in English preferred. Pay 80|100 according qualifications. Interview in Bombay essential. Apply Box 2568, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Two reliable Canvassers for local sales, only those who have had experience need apply. Mysore Chemical and Soap Works, Sion. (2567).

Wanted Graduate in French for teaching higher standards, also Hindu fully qualified Nurses for Bombay and out-stations. Apply Box No. 2569, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Three Organisers for the Northern Central and Southern Divisions of the Bombay Presidency to work under the Bombay Office of a prominent Indian Life Assurance Company. Applicants must be thoroughly conversant with organisation work, and only gentlemen who can produce clean record of service and satisfactory credentials should apply. Good salary and terms will be paid to approved parties. Apply Box No. 8528, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Garden Superintendent for Raj Gardens. Applicants with qualifications and testimonials may apply to the undersigned stating salary expected. G. P. Danby, Esq., Chief Manager, Raj Darbhanga, Darbhanga, B. & N. W. Rly. (8526).

Wanted Secretary, Superintendent, Accountant, Cashier, Branch Manager, Clerks for Ltd. concern. Apply with copies, Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (2540).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Wanted—Post by a European Experienced Child's Nurse. Excellent references. Please reply Box No. 146, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Post by well-educated Young, domiciled European Gentleman, proficient in sketch-drawing. Please reply Box No. 147, "Bombay Chronicle".

An Experienced European Hotel-Manager seeks position. Please reply Box No. 148, "Bombay Chronicle".

29 PLOTS & PREMISES WANTED

Wanted a large plot of vacant land near Malad and Kandivli on lease for a factory. Please write with particulars and rent to Box No. 126, "Bombay Chronicle."

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

For Sale—Chevrolet Tourer 1932-Model Excellent condition Rs. 2,400 or near offer. No brokers. Box No. 145, "Bombay Chronicle".

32. MOTORCARS WANTED.

Wanted—Chevrolet or Ford 1930-32 Model. Write with particulars and lowest terms to Box No. 144, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Malku Saibu Babil Trust Fund for Scholarships:—The Trustees of the above Fund invite application for two Scholarships of Rs. 10 per month for one year from deserving students of Telegu Munurwar Community, who are studying for Civil Engineering or in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, or who have appeared for the Matriculation Examination of the University of Bombay and passed the same with highest number of marks or from any poor and deserving boys or girls attending school or college. The trustees are authorised to award the same according to their absolute discretion. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 30th June, 1934. V.G. AKULA, B.V.C., Veterinary Surgeon, for Self and Co-Trustees, Malku Saibu Babil Trust Fund, Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay. (2518).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted a sleeping partner to run a Hindu Restaurant in Fort locality with a regular income. Must invest Rs. 3,000. Please reply Box No. 127, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition, particularly at the following places:—

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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Beswada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents ready to invest money for excellent French and Italian Patent Medicines. Write to: G. Martirosi, Esqr., c|o The Postmaster, Bombay. (8530).

Immediately Wanted. — Agents everywhere in India and Bombay Presidency for securing wonderful Insurance business from Rs. 100 to 400 p.m. Apply: Mutual Relief Co., Ltd., Amritsar (Punjab). (2447).

100. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted a short Clip-Stenter or Belt Stretching machine, new preferred. Write stating year of make, maker's name and full specifications, to the Manager, Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. (8525).

103. LIVE STOCK

Jersey Black Giants are laying wonderfully enormous sized eggs. A trio arrived from England just last December is offered at a great sacrifice. Other Breeds of English and American Poultry also going at greatly reduced prices on account of off season. Leghorns, Minorcas, Australorps, Rhode Island Reds, Barred Plymouth Rocks and beautiful little Bantam fowls are fully described in our Clearance Circular. Send to-day for a Free copy. The Asian Poultry Farm, No. 11, Connaught Road, Poona.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Fruits and Grafts—Big Rose Lichee 500 Rs. 4. Selected Bombay, Langra Mangoes 100 Rs. 7. Expenses extra. Advance essential. Graft Catalogue free. Raja Nursery, No. 13, Darbhanga. (2474).

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By order of the Board of Directors,
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
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Bombay, 15th June, 1934.
8527

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Further particulars on application at the Local Head Offices and Branches of the IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA and any GOVERNMENT TREASURY.

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AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 19th June, 1934, at 2 p.m. in the Liquor Shed (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

12 cases Ham and Bacon, Copper, Brass, Iron, Glassware, C. P. Goods, Dog Chain, Electric Clocks, Paints, etc, etc.

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Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Mr. Chhotalal Jekisondas, Advocate for Bhat Dharsey Jetha, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Hira Parmanand, the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in an indenture of Mortgage, dated 11th April, 1932, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on FRIDAY, the 15th June, 1934, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure situate at 1st Pathan Street (Kumbharwada 4th Lane) with dwelling house containing 152-2|9 square yards and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 9913, New Survey No. 5079, Collector's Rent Roll No. 7134 and Cadastral Survey No. 3898, Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7817 and Street Nos. 97|99, New Nos. 43|45.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Mr. Chhotalal Jekisondas, Advocate for the Vendor at his Office at Picket Road, Kalbadevi or to the undersigned.

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In the side-splitting comedy that made him Bombay's most popular comedian—

THE KID FROM SPAIN

A tornado of laughter, thrills and gorgeous spectacles from start to finish! You've never seen more beautiful girls than

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A brand-new copy of this great UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE
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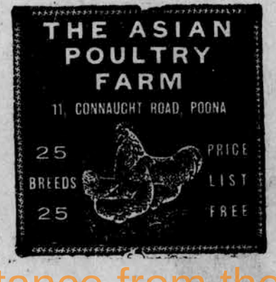

MONSOON VIGOROUS ON WEST COAST

Heavy Rain Expected In Konkan Within 36 Hours

POONA, June 14.

The shallow depression off the Konkan Coast has filled up. The monsoon has been vigorous along the west coast of the Peninsula and in East and North Bengal, and fairly active in Burma and Assam. The day temperature has been markedly above normal in Punjab, United Provinces, Rajputana and Central parts of the country.

Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Konkan, and Malabar and local in Upper Burma, and Mysore. A few falls have occurred in Bihar and Orissa, East United Provinces, Gujarat, West Central India, Central Provinces, Bombay Deccan, and Southeast Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Myitkyina, Bassein, Lashio, Gwa, one and half inches; Diamond Island, Kyaukpyu, Akyab, one; Cox's Bazar eight; Cherrapunji six, Darjeeling and Mymensingh five; Barisal two; Dibrugarh, Jessore, Narayanganj, Chittagong, one and half; Balasore, Shillong, Tankhala one; Rajkot, three quarters; Ratnagiri six; Cochin five; Calicut, Marmagao and Mangalore four; Mercara, Karkara and Bombay one and half; Belgaum one.

FORECAST:—The monsoon will continue to be strong in Malabar Konkan and East and North Bengal, and active in Upper Burma and Assam. Rainfall will increase in Lower Burma and Southwest Bengal, extend in Deccan and Gujarat, and occur at a few stations in Bihar and Orissa, East United Provinces, Central parts of the country and South Rajputana.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Rainfall will be locally heavy in Malabar, Konkan, the Arabian Coast and Bengal during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

1.9 DEGREES ABOVE NORMAL

City's Maximum Temperature At 8 a. m. On Wednesday

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 14th June 1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.062 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.9 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.2 degrees 1.9 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.8 degrees 1.4 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 24 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 350 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 52 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7

Rainfall in 24 hours 1.32 inches

Total rainfall during the month 6.69 inches

Total rainfall during the year 6.73 inches.

Weather remarks: Thunderstorm

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 14-6-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.5deg F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.75 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.54 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

HEAVY RAIN IN CALCUTTA

Monsoon Conditions Prevail All Over Bengal

CALCUTTA, June 14.

That the monsoon has at last broken out in the Province of Bengaal is the opinion expressed by Dr. Sen, Government Materiologist.

Yesterday there was a heavy shower of rain in the city, after sweltering heat lasting for several days. This brought down the temperature to certain extent. A number of places in the Province has already got 2 to 3 inches of rain between June 12 and 13. The sky is overcast with cloud. Typical monsoonish conditions also prevail practically all over Bengal.—United Press.

THANA GETS 3½ INCHES OF RAIN

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, June 13.

Monsoonish weather is prevailing in Thana. The total rainfall recorded at the Municipal Office till 8 a.m. to-day is three inches and fifty-four cents.

During the periods of 24 hours preceding 8 a.m. on Friday and Thursday last the rainfall recorded was 1.30 and 1.50 inches respectively. During the corresponding period on Sunday last it was 70 cents.

SEVERE STORM IN NAGPUR

Roofs Of Houses Blown Off

NAGPUR, June 14.

The report has been received here of a severe storm that swept over the northern part of the province on Tuesday last. Passengers coming here from Seoni state that the storm raged with great fury as a result of which large number of trees were uprooted rendering roads impassable on Nagpur-Seoni route. Roofs of several houses were blown off and considerable damage done to property. Similar havoc overtook Wardha and Amraoti districts but no loss of life has occurred.—A. P.

ASSAM MAIL ROBBERY

Arrested Men Remanded

DIBRUGARH, June 13.

The five persons who were arrested in connection with the armed robbery of Assam Mail were brought here last night under strong police escort.

They were produced before the Deputy Commssioner to-day who remanded two to jail custody and the other three to police custody till June 25.

It is stated the police got the clue from a piece of printed paper left on the spot.

It is further learnt that some cash and a leather bag were recovered at Tinsukia and a revolver was seized from the house of a Marwari.—United Press.

RATNAGIRI, June

Mahajan, a Congress worker of Konkan is coming here shortly to revive and organise Congress Committee in pursuance of resolutions passed at Maharastra Provincial Congress Committees meeting held recently at Poona. —A.P.

118 entries have been accepted for the Wimbledon Men's Singles Lawn Tennis Championships representing nearly every country in the world.

For the Ladies' Singles 86 entries have been accepted.

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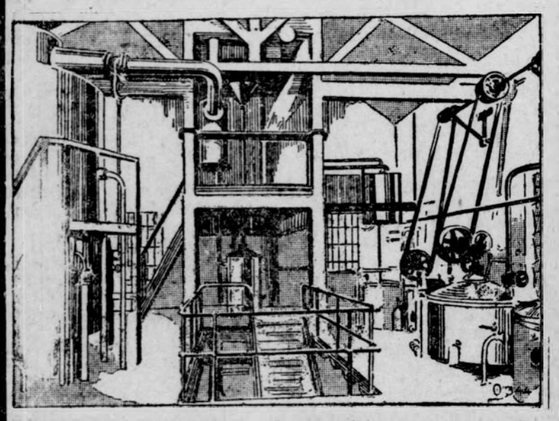

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Sanatanists Vote For Malaviya's Leadership

Trichi Conference Exposes Shankaracharya's Anti-Congress Propaganda

(From Our Correspondent).

TRICHINOPOLY, (By Mail.)

A Conference of Sanatanists was held on Saturday evening in the Ranee Magammal's audience hall Mr. A. C. Krishnaswamy Iyengar presiding.

The chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the delegates in a short speech outlining the need to hold such a Conference.

SANYASIS AND POLITICS.

Mr. Krishnaswamy rising amidst cheers, delivered an 'ex tempore' address, in the course of which he said that it was a matter for regret to note that Sanyasis quite against Shastras had come to dabble in politics and to constitute a separate party as Sanatanists' party with a view to retard the progress of country and its attainment of Swaraj.

"BLASPHEMY."

He then condemned the activities of Puri Sankaracharia as mischievous and calculated to create schism among the Brahmins as Sanatanists and non-Sanatanists. It was nothing but blasphemy to say that Malaviyaji did not truly represent the Sanatanists view.

The Conference then adjourned to consider resolutions!

SUPPORT TEMPLE BILL.

Reassembling in the open session the Conference passed resolutions condemning the activities of socalled Sanathanists who had engaged themselves deliberately in giving out wrong interpretations to Shastras to justify their view point that untouchability existed in Shastras; appealling to Government and non-official members to vote with reformers for the Temple Entry Bill noted for discussion at the ensuing session of the Assembly, to become law resolving to accept the nominee set up by. Parliamentary Board President Malaviyaji since he represented the country's interest as politician and Sanathanists cause as the pillar of orthodoxy and appealing to voters to vote for only such candidate and to none else.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Notifications In Govt. Gazette

The following notification by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, is republished:—

The appointment of Mr. A. Anfossy is recognised as Acting Consul for France at Bombay, during the absence of Monsieur E. P. F. Chalant.

Mr. G. M. Phatak, Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, vice Mr. K. G. Kulkarni.

Mr. G. V. Vaidya, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Dapoli, to officiate as Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum.

The following appointments are made vice Mr. A. C. Sequeira, proceeding on leave:—

Mr. B. D. Nadkarni, Officiating Second Class Subordinate Judge, Yawal, to officiate as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Honavar.

Mr. C. G. Bhatt, Officiating Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Chalisgaon, to officiate as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Yawal.

Mr. K. G. Kulkarni, First Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, is granted leave on average pay for four months from the 6th June 1934.

Mr. Indarnarayan Brijmohanlal, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Bombay, is granted leave upto 4th Nov. (inclusive).

Mr. D. A. Shah, Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, C. D., is granted leave on average pay from 5th June to 1st July 1934.

Mr. Y. T. Desai, Superintendent in the office of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, to hold charge of the post of Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, C. D., in addition to his own duties vice Mr. D. A. Shah proceeding on leave.

Mr. E. S. B. Tavener, Divisional Forest Officer, Karachi, is granted with effect from 10th November 1934, leave on average pay for five months followed by leave on half average pay for six months and 15th days.

Dr. V. K. Mehendale, to be Honorary Venereologist at the Civil Hospital, Sholapur, for one year from the date from which he assumes charge of the duties of the post.

Dr. F. G. D'Souza, Superintendent of Mahableshwar, to be on general duty at the Sassoon Hospitals, Poona, in addition to his own duties, on the close of the Mahableshwar season.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. Harty, Civil Surgeon, Poona, to hold charge of the post of Superintendent, Central Mental Hospital, Yeravda, in addition to his own duties, during the period of the extension of leave for two months granted to Major E. C. A. Smith. The appointment should take effect from the date from which Lieutenant-Colonel Harty takes over from Captain Taylor, I.M.S.

Mr. Shankar Prabhakar Joshi, B.S.E., Assistant Engineer, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Nasik Irrigation Division, in addition to his own duties, pending the arrival of Rao Bahadur Balkrishna Parajirao Jagtap.

Mr. Natverlal Balubhai Shah, Executive Engineer, Northern Dadu Division, is granted leave on average pay for four months, from the 17th July 1934.

The period of deputation of Mr. B. S. Kharade, Assistant Engineer, to the Educational Department for employment as a Lecturer in Engineering at the College of Engineering, Poona, further extended, as a special case, till the end of the academic year 1936-37.

BROTHERS HACKED TO DEATH

COLOMBO, June 14.

Two brothers are reported to have been hacked to death in a village in the South of Ceylon and the murderers have been arrested.

Mahahil one of the accused implicated in the murder used swords and "kattles" to kill them.

This is the eighth murder case in the district within the last two months.—United Press.

Old Mosque Found During Levelling Operations In Delhi

NEW DELHI, June 14.

The remains of an old dilapidated building and a few tombs in its neighbourhood have been discovered in the course of levelling operations outside the city wall between Delhi and Ajmeri Gates.

Muslims believe the remains to be of a mosque dating back to the Moghul times. A few Muslims have stationed themselves there, spread mats and begun saying prayers.

It will be recalled that the area had been handed recently by the Old Delhi Municipality to the New Delhi Municipality which at the cost of 5,000 rupees is levelling the same with the intention of converting the uneven waste land into a park. At this very place Ram Lila is celebrated every year by Hindus.—A. P.

AIRMAIL LEAVES KARACHI

KARACHI, June 14.

The outward airmail left this morning with eight passengers, including Prince Duleepsinhji and Choudhry Zafrulla Khan.—A. P.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Penal servitude amounting to 336 years and 39 years imprisonment was imposed at a court in Oppeln, Upper Silesia on 86 alleged Communists for having prepared high treasonable action and being in possession of explosives.

Accompanied by seven officials from the German Ministry of Propaganda and six prominent journalists, Dr. Goebbels arrived at the air port in Warsaw on Wednesday. He later lectured at the Polish National Club and declared that Germany was ready to co-operate in the world pacification.

The Franco-British commercial negotiations which were resumed a fortnight ago, now give prospect of agreement within the next few days. There has been a change in tone in the discussions since a compromise was found regarding the British silk duties.

Abinashdas, the Station Master of Bagdogra on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway was arrested in connection with the discovery at Sealdah of opium valued at Rs. 33,000 from several packing cases booked from Kalimpong to Calcutta.

Mr. H. Sri Nissanka, Advocate of Colombo, and persident of the Congress of Buddhist Associations, was elected as the Chief Delegate, at a meeting held on Wednesday to represent Ceylon at the Pan Asiatic Buddhist Conference to be held in Japan next month.

AUM

THE PREMIER INSURANCE AND BUILDING SOCIETY, LIMITED.

AN IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

This Society is started at Madras with the object of advancing loans to its Policyholders for the purchase of House Properties or for discharging previous debts on their House Properties throughout India, Burmah and Ceylon. Not only the (Share and Debenture) Capital of the Society subscribed till now exceeds Rs. 1,00,000 but also the Society has already furnished the initial Security Deposit of Rs. 25,000 to the Government in compliance with the Insurance Act and commenced Life Insurance business.

Out of 100 Shares issued by the Society, only 50 Shares had been offered for Public Subscription at a Premium of Rs. 10 per share and they were fully subscribed. Out of the remaining 50 shares, only 25 Shares are offered for Public Subscription in the Madras Presidency including Native States and 25 shares in other Provinces at a Premium of Rs. 15 per share. Only Rs. 250 per Share is payable by five monthly instalments of Rs. 50 each and a person who takes a share will be entitled to the following extraordinary benefits:

1. So long as he lives, he enjoys decent dividends which may be 50 per cent or even more in course of time.
2. He will be entitled to a loan up to Rs. 2,500 at 6 per cent interest per annum on easy monthly instalment system on security of his House Property.
3. His heirs will get a guaranteed bonus of Rs. 1,000 out of the Relief Bonus Fund after his death and also enjoy dividends for generations together.

The Society has issued also 1,00,000 Debentures of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 2-8-0 per Debenture. Special Concessions such as non-restriction of age, etc., are attached to the first 10,000 Debentures out of which 7,000 are already subscribed. Out of the remaining 3,000, only 1,500 are offered for subscription in the Madras Presidency and Native States and 1,500 in other Provinces. A person who holds a Debenture by payng Rs. 10 will be entitled to the following unique benefits:

1. So long as he lives, he participates in the profits of the Society.
2. If he becomes a Policyholder, he will be entitled to get a loan at 6 per cent per annum on security of his House Property in preference to mere Policyholders.
3. After his death, his heirs will be entitled to get back Rs. 10 with a Cash Bonus which may be even Rs. 10,000.

N.B.—The Workability of the Debenture Scheme is testified by the Eminent Actuary, Prof. K. B. Madhava, M.A., F.R.A.S., A.I.A. (Lond.) Those who apply for five or more Debentures and whose applications with remittance will be received at the Head Office of the Society before 30th June, 1934, will be allowed a concession of As. 8 per Debenture in the premium.

As the above said 25 shares will be allotted to the first 25 Lucky Applicants and age restriction will be imposed after 1,500 Debentures are subscribed either in the Madras Presidency or outside, those who wish to avail themselves of the unique benefits should apply for copies of Prospectuses (on the basis of which alone applications for Shares and Debentures will be considered) and send their applications immediately to avoid disappointment.

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237, Angappa Naick Street, Madras, 1st June, 1934.

Mr. G. SOUNDARARAJAN, B.A., B.L., Secretary.

RAIDERS PURSUED BY VILLAGERS

Wounded Culprit Identified As "Wanted Man" In Chaman

QUETTA, June 13.

Reports have been received of a transborder raid which recently took place near Burj Azibkhan. The raiders were hotly pursued and in the scuffle one of the pursuit party was killed. His body was discovered near hills on the border.

It is reported that the raiding party attacked three Mahommedans when they were returning from Dishin to Kurbala.

SHOT IN LEG

One of the Mahommedans was shot in the leg and one succeeded in escaping and raised an alarm in a neighbouring village. A large pursuit party turned out and engaged the raiders one of whom was wounded and captured but the others escaped in Popalzai forest towards Achakzai Toba in the darkness.

The Mahomedan named Syed Manuf who was wounded in the leg and wounded raider succumbed to their injuries. This raider has been identified as Karamkhan Nurzai, who was wanted for murder in Chaman.—A.P.

BOMBING IN SOUTH WAZIRISTAN DENIED

Government Contradict Report of United Press Correspondent

SIMLA, June 13.

The attention of the Government has been drawn to a report described as unconfirmed emanating from the 'United Press" correspondent at Bannu, and stating that a village in South Waziristan has recently been bombed by the Royal Air Force. The report is entirely untrue and there has been no bombing of any part of the tribal area by the Royal Air Force for many months past.

Moreover, the Government of India have no information as to any conflict between a man of the British Army and the residents of the tribal area, which is stated by the report to have preceded the imposition of a fine and infliction of punishment by the Royal Air Force.—A. P.

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Jain Celebrations At Dungarpur

(From A Correspondent)

DUNGARPUR, June 11

Under the auspices of the Jain Mitra Mandal Dungarpur, Shantinath Jayanti celebrations were held on the 10th instant. Mr. Heera Lal Sariya presiding. Interesting lectures were delivered by Pundit Kashinathji and Tulsi Ramji on the spread of education and religion.

Members of the Mandal held a dialogue. Mr. B. L. Jain moved a condolence resolution expressing sorrow at the demise of Jainacharya Buddhi Singh Suriji

Mr. Jain, President of the Mandal, exhorted the public to take to heart the cause of education and the spread of religion and to bridge the gulf between various sects of Jainism.

COCHIN HARBOUR CONFERENCE

SIMLA, June 13.

It is understood that the Cochin Harbour Conference discussed the question of publicity of its proceedings to-day and issue an agreed press note from time to time.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is said to have occupied considerable time in explaining the case of Cochin.

Some members of the Conference proceeded to lunch at the Viceregal lodge. The Conference reassembles at 3 p.m.—A. P.

Reveals Secret of Personal Influence

Simple method to Develop Personal Magnetism, Memory, Concentration and Will-Power, 80 page Book Fully Describing this Unique Method, together with Self-Analysis Chart and Character Delineation FREE to all who write at once.

"The wonderful power of Personal Influence Magnetism, Fascination, Mind-Control, call it what you will, can surely be acquired by everyone no matter how unattractive or unsuccessful", says Mr. Elmer E. Knowles, author of the new book entitled "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces." The book lays bare many astounding facts concerning the practices of the Eastern Yoghis and explains a unique system for the Development of Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic and Telepathic powers, Memory, Concentration and Will-Power through the wonder power of Suggestion. Count H. Csaky-Pallavicini writes:

Count H. Csacy -Pallavicini

"Everyone in the world should have your simple system. People need this instruction as our lungs need fresh air, and our bodies food." The book, which is being distributed free of charge, is full of photographic reproductions showing how these unseen forces are being used all over the world and how thousands upon thousands have developed powers which they little dreamed they possessed. The free distribution is being conducted by a large Brussels Institution, and a copy will be sent post free to anyone interested.

In addition to supplying the book free each person who writes at once will also receive a copy of Prof. Knowles' Self-Analysis Chart as well as a comprehensive character delineation. Simply copy the following verse in your own handwriting:

"I want power of mind,
Force and strength in my look,
Please read my character,
And send me your book."

Also send your full name and address plainly printed (state whether Mr. Mrs. or Miss) and address your letter to: PSYCHOLOGY FOUNDATION, S. A. (Dept. 1024-W.), rue de Londres, 18, Brussels, Belgium. If you wish you may enclose 6 annas, (stamps of your own country) to pay postage, etc. Be sure to put sufficient postage on your letter. Postage to Belgium is 2 1/2 annas.

Note: Psychology Foundation is an old-established publishing house that has made many friends through the distribution of useful books and pamphlets on mental and psychological subjects. More than 40 University professors have contributed to its literature and all of its publications for which a charge is made are sold under a guarantee of entire satisfaction or money refunded.

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Sports Jottings From Here and There

Australia's Glorious Victory In First Test

(BY SPORTSMAN)

Australia won a glorious victory in the first Test Match against England. The encounter provided a most thrilling chapter in the history of Test Cricket. There was a regular race with the clock towards the closing stages of the contest. With five wickets in hand, England resorted to stonewalling tactics. Under the circumstances, it was a mighty difficult task to attain the glorious end. But the Australians, with the masterful attacks of Grimmett and O'Reilly, supported by the splendid fielding of the rest, gained what at one time appeared to be almost impossible. Woodfull, the visiting Skipper, deserves the highest praise for the manner in which he marshalled his forces. A slight mistake in the critical stage of the game might have resulted in an undecisive fight. But the whole team played up to a man and placed their side ahead in the struggle for the mythical "Ashes."

ENGLAND'S HEROIC BATTLE.

England fought heroically to stave off the dedefeat. They had five wickets in hand with fifty minutes to go. With Ames and Leyland still on the field, playing a tenacious game, a draw seemed more than probable. But the Australian bowling and fielding proved superior to the English doggedness and the rest of the side went down fighting to the last. Great credit is due to the above pair for their brave stand, which provided by the way, the best partnership of the England's innings.

MANY LESSONS FOR ENGLAND.

There are many lessons which England has to draw from the first Test. Their batting which appeared on paper to be as good as the opposing side, failed to come up to expectations. After Hendren's 79 and Geary's 53 and 101 for the seventh wicket in the first innings, it cannot be said that the pitch was anything like unplayable. The weakness lay in the batsmen's failure to appreciate the wizardry of the Australian spin-bowling. So this department needs to be further strengthened. Whereas the tourists' deadliness came from the Grimmett-O'Reilly stock, England had to rely chiefly on their fast type, their slow ones proving unsuccessful. It is, therefore, necessary that another fast-bowler should be taken in the next Test. Their fielding also was far from satisfactory. This would need to be tuned up considerably.

FARNES PROVED SUCCESSFUL.

Now the question is who should be left out from the next Test-team, and who should take their places. For England Wyatt will come back as Captain and Walters, Sutcliffe, Hendren and Geary, who have played up well, and are sure to stay on. Farnes by capturing ten wickets for 179 runs in 65 overs, has more than proved his worth in his first appearance in the Tests and may be counted as a certainty. Ames too will have his place behind the wickets, although he has not been successful with his bat. Hammond was included on his past reparations. And I have little doubt that he will appear again even though he failed to rise to the occasion this time.

PATAUDI MUST BE INCLUDED.

There is a lot of talk about the dismissal of the Nawab of Pataudi, because he did not show up with his bat in the first Test. I do not see how a batsman who has been in the top of his form could be left out just because he failed to shine in one match more so in view of the fact that the majority of the batsmen on both sides could not give proper account of themselves. I do not think that the English selectors would be so unwise as to leave out Patudi from the next Test team Leyland in partnership with Ames tried his best to avert a defeat. His stay at the wickets for two hours for 18 runs may speak in favour of his inclusion again. Verity and Mitchell failed to create any impression on their opponents, despite the fact that conditions were more favourable to their type of bowling. It is clear that the Australians are more afraid of the fast bowlers than their slow prototypes.

LARWOOD OUT OF QUESTION.

Inclusion of Larwood is out of the question. While Jardine and Carr, the Nottingham and Ex-All-England Captain, insist on his recall without any condition, the Selectors are determined to put their foot down on "bodyline" bowling. In fact, there is a movement in England at present to boycott Nottingham for whom Larwood plays, if their present "leg-theory" tactics is continued. Essex, Cambridge and Sussex against whom these tactics were applied recently feel very sore about it and they have stood-up in revolt. I should not be at all surprised if "bodyline" bowling is given a decent burial, as it richly deserves, at no distant date.

MITCHELL'S FAILURE.

Although Verity has not been able to produce an attractive analysis, which reads in the first innings 34 overs, 9 maidens 65 runs and one wicket, and in the second, 17 overs, 8 maidens, 48 runs and one wicket,—he will be retained for the next battle. Mitchell's analysis on the other hand is very poor—altogether 34 overs, 6 maidens, 108 runs and one wicket.

He is sure to be supplanted by a fast bowler. Perhaps Nicholls will take his place. There is also a possibility of Gover of Surrey or Smith of Middlesex being requisitioned for the job.

GRIMMETT'S AMAZING FEAT.

The outstanding feature of the match was the superb bowling of Grimmett and O'Reilly. What a tremendous part they played in the Ausralian attack—or rather in the match itself—may be gauged from the analysis which they have put forth. In the first innings, Grimmett bowled no less han 58.3 overs of which 24 were maidens, giving away 81 runs for a bag of 5 wickes. Only ten runs were scored off him in his first thirteen overs and the first boundary stroke off him did not come till the eighteenth over. In all, he gave away eleven fours, most of whom were scored when he was tiring. In the second innings, his analysis showed 47 overs, 28 maidens, 39 runs and 3 wickets. But it does not tell clearly how far he commanded the situation and how he kept the batsmen guessing all the time.

O'REILLY'S WONDERFUL PERFORMANCE.

O'Reilly also rendered invaluable services to his side by his splendid bowling. His analyses tell their own tale. The first one saw 37 overs, 16 maidens, 75 runs and 4 wickets, while the second announced 41.4 over, 24 maidens, 54 runs and 7 wickets. With machine-like accuracy, he bowled all throughout, and gave a perfect example of brain and stamina working harmoniously for no end of time.

With the exception of Darling, I do not think there will be any changes in the Australian XI. Kippax is sure to take his place in the next Test.

AUSTRALIANS' LUCK WITH COIN.

The Australians found luck with the spin of the coin, and they wisely elected to bat. Their first venture produced 374 runs to which Chipperfield contributed 99 (very unlucky to miss the coveted century by one), McCabe 65, Ponsford 53, and Grimmett 39. Bradman had started in a confident manner but he fell to a brilliant catch in the slips by Hammond when his score stood at 29. Farnes and Geary claimed five and three wickets respectively for 102 and 101. Rain interfered with the play a good deal considering which the Tourists score was really good.

ENGLAND RESPOND POORLY.

Batting conditions were fairly satisfactory when England opened their innings. The score recorded 102 for two wickets of which Sutcliffe claimed 62. 63 runs later the score board showed 6 wickets down, Hammond Leyland, Pataudi and Ames going out in the process. Hendren and Geary then took matters in hand and put a different complexion in the game. Hendren playing one of the best innings of his career knocked up 79 including ten fours in a stay of four hours at the wicket. Geary's stolid innings registered 53 of which 44 came through boundary hits. The seventh wicket fell at 266. Two more runs saw the surprising downfall of the last four wickets.

TOURISTS GO ALL OUT.

In the second innings, the tourists met with an early disaster losing Woodfull and Ponsford and Bradman when the score stood at 69. The Brown and McCabe playing magnificently retrieved the position. One six and fifteen fours comprised McCabe's score of 88. Brown had hit only thrice to the boundary in a stay of four and half hours, compiling 73 on the way. When the score stood at 273 for 8—with Australia 378 runs ahead—the visitors declared their innings closed at 12-30 p.m. Farnes was again the most successful bowler capturing five wickets for 77 runs. Of course, this analysis should not flatter the Essex bowler too much, as the Australians in their attempt to force up the score in the last day of the match almost threw away their wickets.

ENGLAND SKITTLED OUT.

England has then no chance of winning the match. So they contented themselves by playing out time. But they had to deal with the wiles of Grimmett and O'Reilly backed up by the smartest of fielding. Walters and Sutcliffe began well and by assiduous batting carried the score to 51 when they were separated. Walters played well for his 40. Thereafter there was a regular procession at short intervals. With the time flying away, the Tourists had a herculean task to throw off their opponents who would not take any risk. However their superiority told in the end and they emerged victorious by 238 runs.

BRADMAN'S GENEROSITY.

There is one incident in the match which needs special mention. It was a piece of generous act on the part of Don Bradman who finding an unemployed miner at the entrance unable to get in, not only bought him a ticket to the stands, but started a fund for his family. His colleagues contributed liberally to it. This kind act was appreciated by all. I commend this to all sportsmen in this country.

NORTHANTS ALL OUT FOR 187

Snowden Scores Century In Fine Style And Stops Rot

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 14.

The match between Australians and Northants was resumed today in fine but dull weather. The wicket was good.

Snowden was accompanied to the crease by Grimshaw.

The pair had added 16 runs when Grimshaw was bowled by an inswinger from Ebeling for two (51/2). Tims joined Snowden and the third wicket partnership produced 75 runs. At 126 Fleetwoodsmith came on to bowl and with his first ball he dismissed Tims who was caught low at point by Bradman. At the fall of this wicket lunch interval was taken.

AFTER LUNCH PLAY.

Except that Snowden was able to complete a fine century, the home team were able to achieve very little in the post lunch period. Indeed, four batsmen had noughts to their credit and the remaining three batsmen contributed 12 runs between them. In the face of such collapse, Snowden's effort was particularly meritorious. He was batting for 225 minutes and hit 15 fours. Playing a watchful and sound game, he employed a good variety of strokes and showed fine imperturbability in the face of falling wickets.

VISITORS' SECOND KNOCK.

When Australians went in on their second innings they at once attempted to force pace intending to pave way for early declaration. These tactics did not prove very successful and before the close of play the tourists had lost five wickets for 132 runs.

THE SCORE.

NORTHANTS 1st INNINGS.

Grimshaw, b Ebeling	2
Timms, c Bradman, b Fleetwood Smith	27
Snowden c Ebeling b O'Reilly	105
Bellamy, b O'Reilly	0
Cox, l.b.w. b Fleetwood-Smith	4
Towell, c Barnett, b Ebeling	3
Matthews b Fleetwood-Smith	0
Brown, l.b.w. Fleetwood-Smith	0
Partridge, c. Bromley, b O'Reilly	5
Pitt (not out)	0
Extras	21
Total	187

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Fleetwood Smith 5 for 63, O'Reilly 3 for 46, Ebeling 2 for 37.

AUSTRALIANS SECOND INNINGS.

Ponsford c. Bellamy b. Mathews	11
Browns (not out)	73
Darling c. Bellamy b. Pitt	17
Kippax c. and b. Partridge	9
Bromley c. and b. Partridge	3
Chipperfield (run out)	0
Bradman (not out)	16
Extras	3
Total (for five wkts.) at close	132

—Reuter.

LARWOOD MAY PLAY IN SECOND TEST

Sir Stanley Says, He is Quite Fit.

LONDON, June 14.

Sir Stanley Jackson, chairman of the Test Selection Committee, told the "Evening Standard":—

"If Larwood is fit he will be asked to play in the second Test. It certainly looks from his bowling that he is fit. If Larwood plays, he will play under no other conditions or instructions except those applying to each member of the team. These are simple general conditions that each member will be under the orders of the Captain and will act on those orders and do his best for his side."

LARWOOD WILL PLAY.

This is taken to mean that Larwood will play at Lords.

Perrin, the Test selector, was present at Westcliff to-day watching Larwood who, bowling to Orthodox field, returned an analysis of 15.5 overs, 2 maidens, 50 runs and 5 wickets after taking three wickets for nine runs last night.

Pataudi played an attractive innings lasting 110 minutes and hit nine fours. Parks played a chanceless innings and scored chiefly with hits to the leg. He was batting for 195 minutes and hit 12 fours. His partnership with Langridge produced 258 runs for the first wicket. Langridge played sound innings and was strong in front of the wicket. He was at the wicket for 275 minutes and hit 18 hours.

YORKSHIRE WINS.

The following is the result of the match between Yorkshire and Leicestershire at Huddersfield:—

Yorkshire won by 10 wickets. Leicestershire 82 and 127 (Smailes 4 for 35). Yorkshire 201 (Smith 5 for 49) and 11 for no wickets.—Reuter's Special.

The latest news from Tibet states that Lungshar's two sons, who were arrested with him, have been released after paying heavy fines and all other lands have been confiscated.

ONPOST WINS SUMMER CUP

Foxbridge Beaten By Half Length In Newbury Cup

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 14.

The Newbury Summer Cup run at Newbury to-day over a distance of one mile four furlongs resulted as follows:—

ONPOST 1
FOXBRIDGE 2
ROBBERCHIEF 3

Eight ran: Won by half length, three-quarters of a length separated second and third.

Starting prices:—1|1 Onpost; 6|1 Foxbridge; 7|4 Robberchief.

ROYAL HUNT CUP

Light Sussex Allotted 9.4 In Handicap

LONDON, June 13.

The following are the Royal Hunt Cup acceptors with their weights:—

Light Sussex 9/4, Alluvial 8/13, Statesman 8/12, Salfatara 8/10, Cotoneaster 8/10, Fonab 8/9, Pricket 8/9, Commander III 8/8, Totaig 8/7, Hot Fight 8/6, The Abbet 8/5, Caymanas 8/4, Diamantee 8/4, Grindleton 8/3, Young Native 8/3, Galapas 8/2, Tartan 8/1, Canteener 8/0, Snooker 8/0, Rentenmark 7/13, Morfair 7/12, Soldier 7/10, Tom Tit III 7/9, Highlander 7/9, Seraph Boy 7/8, North Devon 7/8, Earlston 7/8, Hot Bun 7/5, Shrewton 7/3, Sublime Prince 6/12, Spurtle 6/9, Dilesia 6/9, Hatguard 6/7, The Minor 6/7, Duodecagon 6/7.

FIRST CALL OVER

The following is the Call over on the Hunt Cup:—

100 to 9 against Commander III (offered) 100 to 8 taken, 100 to 8 Rentenmark and Earlston (offered), 100 to 7 taken, 100 to 7, The Abbot (offered) 15 to 1 taken, 100 to 7 Cotoneaster, Fonab and Alluvial (offered), 25 to 1 North Devon taken and offered, 25 to 1 Hot Fight (offered) 28 to 1 taken, 28 to 1 Soldier offered, 33 to 1 taken, 33 to 1 Shrewton (offered), 40 to 1 taken.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIANS' NEXT FIXTURE AT LORD'S

Wyatt To Lead Strong Gentlemen XI

LONDON, June 13.

The Gentlemen who will play the Australians at Lord's on Saturday will consist of the following:—Wyatt (Captain) Squadron Leader Livolk, Walters, Nawab of Pataudi, Robins, Valentine, Allen, Clay, H. Reead, Turnbull and F. Brown.—Reuter.

ALL-INDIA TROUNCE TRANSVAAL

Visitors Play Sparkling Football: Lakhinagam Scores 4 Goals

JOHANNESBURG, June 13.

About 4,000 spectators including several Europeans watched the All-India tourists beat Transvaal by 7 goals to 1. The visitors played grand football.

At the end of the game Lakhinagam, the inside-right, who scored four goals, was carried off the field shoulder high

Ramana, the centre-forward obtained the other three, and A. Naidoo netted for the losers with a long shot.—Reuter.

HENDREN BATS IN FAULTLESS STYLE

Nawab Of Pataudi Injures His Knee

LONDON, June 13.

Middlesex had 19 runs on board for 2 wickets when Hendren and Webster came together and added 136 in 100 minutes.

Hendren was at the wicket 150 minutes hitting eleven 4's. He batted in faultless style, was quick on his feet and hooked, pulled and drove with freedom.

Hitting a sixer off Smart J. Smith sent the ball through a window of the committee room. In a stay of 155 minutes Ames drove eleven times to the boundary.

The Nawab of Pataudi did not field between lunch and tea owing to an injured knee.

Bowes had an analysis of 19-9--28-6.-

CLOSING SCORES.

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket matches which commenced on Wednesday:—

Middlesex vs. Glamorgan at Lords:—Middlesex 476 for 6 (Webster 61, Hendren 114, Hulme 108, Allen 112 not out).

Kent vs. Worcestershire at Tonbridge:—Kent 344 (Woolley 68, Ames 75, Todd 72, Brook 4 for 58). Worcester 62 for no loss.

Sussex vs. Surrey at Horsham:—Surrey 280 (Squires 84, Holmes 66, J. Cornford 6 for 54). Sussex 31 for no loss.

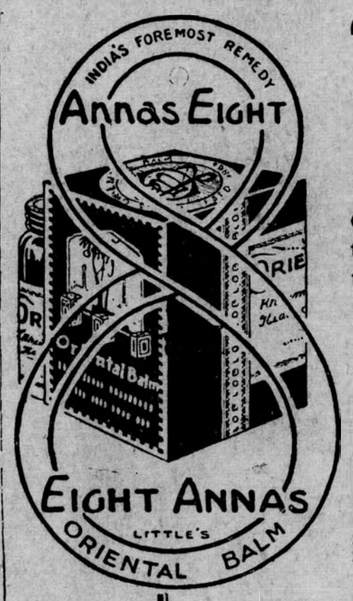
Hampshire vs. Lancashire at Southampton:—Hants 241 (Arnold 56, Parkinson 5 for 90). Lancashire 63 for no loss.

Derbyshire vs. Gloucestershire at Derby:—Gloucester 299 (Allen 80). Derby 46 for no loss.

Yorkshire vs. Leicestershire at Huddersfield: Leicester 82 (Bowes 6 for 28, Smailes 4 for 29), Yorks 182 for 7.

Essex vs. Nottinghamshire at Westcliff:—Notts 371 (Hardstaff 67, A. Staples 69, Carr 107, P. Smith 5 for 103). Essex 29 for 8. —Reuter.

Little's Oriental Balm



"L.O.B." *The Original Size Now Eight Annas*

Second Announcement

"In all Cities, Towns and Districts where no Octroi, or other recognised sur-charges, apply, the Original Size of Little's Oriental Balm is now to be retailed to the public at eight annas."

Little's Oriental Balm and Pharmaceuticals. Ltd., 15, Armenian Street, MADRAS.

SAME FORMULA for FIFTY-TWO YEARS

TO COUNTLESS users of L. O. B. this reduction will come as a "boon and a bounty," welcome indeed in these strenuous days. For 52 years this "Original" size Little's Oriental Balm has been priced at one rupee. Its world-wide success has led by stages to the new retail price of Annas 8. The famous formula, however, is unchanged. Ask for "L. O. B. 8 anna size." Sold by all Dealers and Stores.

L. O. B. means Proof — Lasting Proof!

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this *time-proved* remedy will not fail you.

Try Also Little's Oriental Soap, for "Soft-as-velvet" skin. Rs. 1|6 p. doz.

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM

the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 3, 1990.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 2, 1353.
Parsi: Deh 12, 1303.
Sunrise: 6h. 1m.
Sunset: 7h. 17m.
High Water: 1-23, 14-18
Low Water: 7-14, 20-32.
Results of 1st LL.B. Examination University Bldg., 2 p.m.
Harwood League: Y. M. C. A. vs. Indian Football League, Cooperage, 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, June 16.

S. S. Mantua, with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

MUSICAL CONCERT POSTPONED.

The Musical Programme by Prof. Srikrishna Ratanjankar, B.A., of Lucknow, which was fixed for Friday, the 15th June, has been postponed on account of his sudden illness, till further notice.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

Clan Line Steamer Clan Macbrayne left Suez on the 12th evening.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Narkunda" with the Mails from London of the 7th instant passed Suez at 9 p.m. on the 13th instant.

SAFEGUARDS THROUGH SACRIFICE.

A meeting of the Bohra Youth League will be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 9 p.m. sharp at the League's Hall at Phydhowni, when Mr. Hatimbhai L. Darbar will preside and Mr. Abid Ali Jaferbhai, the General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will deliver a lecture on "Safeguards through Sacrifice".

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The students of Shree Gohilwad Dasha Shrimali Community are hereby informed that the above Mandal have decided to supply School-Books. Those wishing to take advantage of this scheme should see the Secretary at the following address between 7 to 8 p.m. (Krishnalal M. Parekh Bhuleshwar, Ful Galli, Mody Building Third Floor, Bombay.)

SUBURBAN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY, LTD., VILE PARLE.

The second Annual General meeting of the B. S. D. Local Self-Govt. C. C. Society Ltd., was held on Sunday the 10th instant in the Parle Tilak Vidyalay, Vile Parle, Mr. Mascarenhas presided. The working capital of the Society is over Rs. 4,200. A dividend of 6 1/4 per cent was declared. The special feature of this Salary-Earners' Society is that it has no ex-Officio member on its Managing Committee.

Messrs. Mascarenhas and Hardikar were re-elected Chairman and Hon: Secretary, and Messrs. Muley and Shringarpure of Bandra Municipality were elected Auditors for the year.

MANDVI WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Mandvi Ward Congress Committee was held at Dr. Vora's dispensary at 6 p.m. on the 13th inst.

Sjt. Virchand Panachand Shah presided. A resolution of condolence to the families of the members who died in or out of jail was passed. The old receipt books of the Congress memberships were cancelled and new books for enrolment of Congress members of this ward were published. A small committee of the President were Dr. Jethalal Vora D. K. Bhatt and Mohanlal Panachand was formed to organise the office of the Committee. It was resolved to issue two books of membership to Committee members at a time and to issue books of memberships to others on deposit of Rs. 5 per each book and to call a meeting of the Congress workers at the earliest opportunity for the brisk enrolment of the members.

ANNIVERSARY OF LATE MR. ACHYUTRAO KOLHATKAR

The third anniversary of late Mr. Achyutrao Kolhatkar which occurs to-day will be observed in a public meeting in the Royal Opera House. Prominent leaders of Bombay will attend and Lokanayak Bapuji Aney has definitely promised to be present. The second volume of Mr. Kolhatkar's collected writings will be published and dedicated to his memory. The public are cordially invited to attend the meeting and make the celebration a success.

PURSE FOR MAHATMA

Collections Begun In Khar

Collection has been started at Khar for the Purse Fund to be presented to Maahatma Gandhi for Harijan Work from the Suburban District, Santa Cruz, on his visit on the 17th June 1934. The other Suburbans have already started similar collections. Residents of Khara are requested to pay their contributions and obtain receipts from the Khadi Bhandar near the Station, Khar. Those desirous of going round for collecting funds can obtain the receipt books from the Khadi Bunder.

The Deputy Controller of Currency states:—There were no tenders for sterling on Wednesday, the 13th June 1934. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 20th June 1934, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Mahatma To Address Women's Meeting To-day

A Public meeting of Women will be addressed by Gandhiji under the auspices of the Harijan Sevak Sangh Bombay Provincial Board, at the Royal Opera House, New Queen's Road today (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp.

Collections will be made for the Harijan purse by the Gandhi Seva Sena. All are requested to be in their places by 4 p.m. and above all not to forget their contribution for the Harijan cause.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"The Cat and the Fiddle". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Lucky Devils". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Four Frightened People" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
MAJESTIC—"Akashwani". Daily at 4-50, 7-35 and 10-20 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Educated Wife". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Baia Joban". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Gun Sundari". Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Noor-e-Islam". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Gold Diggers of 1933". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Perils of Pauline". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Kid from Spain" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"42nd Street". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Devil Tiger". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m. Time Signal. Commercial Bulletin. Close down. 12 noon. Time Signal. Indian Selected Hour. 1 p.m. Available opening rates. European music. 2 p.m. Close down. 6 p.m. Time Signal. Talk on "The Use of Safety Stove and Its Advantages" by B. M. Madhiwalla in Gujarati. 6-30 p.m. Music by Miss Lakdawalla. Instrumental Music by Madhavlal. 7-30 p.m. Interval. 8 p.m. Commercial News. Empire relay. 9 p.m. News in Hindi. 9-15 p.m. Weather and News Bulletin. Current Films by Richard Meredith. 9-45 p.m. Jos. Ghisleri and his Symphonians. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-15 p.m. Time Signal from Big Tom. News Bulletin and Announcements.
7-35 p.m. Wester Studio Orchestra.
8 p.m. The Runnymede Pageant.
8-15 p.m. Charles Manning and his Orchestra.
8-40 p.m. Music and the Ordinary Listener, a talk.
9 p.m Hotel Metropole Orchestra.
9-45 p.m. Students' Songs, by the Wireless Male Voice Chorus.
10-15 p.m. B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.
10-30 p.m. News Bulletin and Announcements.
10-50 p.m. The Senior T. T. Race: A running commentary by three commentators.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9 00
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Poona Mail	11 40
Punjab Mail	13 15
Nagpur Express	14 40
Poona Fast Passenger	16 00
Poona Express	19 10
Allahabad Express	20 45
Departures.	
Allahabad Express	7 15
Poona Express	8 00
Poona Fast Passenger	12 00
Madras Express	13 45
Poona Mail	15 30
Punjab Mail	16 05
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 15
Nagpur Express	21 30
Madras Mail	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger trains Arrivals at Bombay Central.

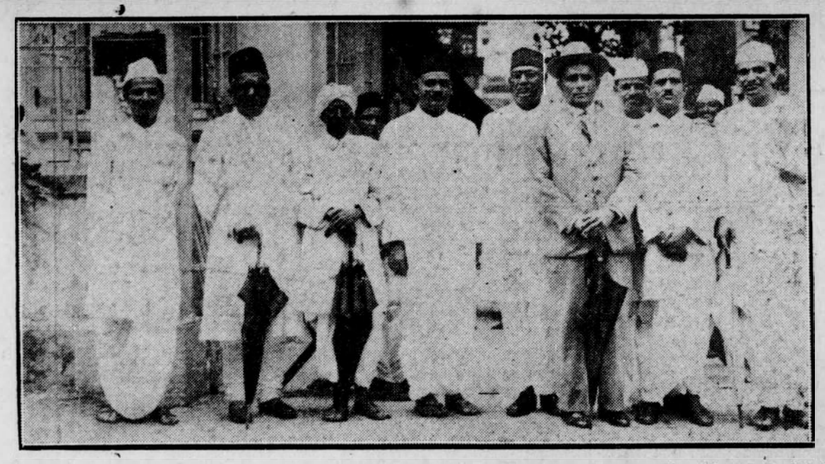
		H.M.
No. 8	Up Passenger	5 50
No. 20	Up Delhi Express	6 15
No. 2	Up Gujarat Mail	6 45
No. 10	Up Kathiawar Mail	7 50
*No. 4	Up Frontier Mail	8 55
No. 12	Up Passenger	14 50
No. 16	Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6	Up Passenger	20 55

Departures from Bombay Central.

		H.M.
No. 15	Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9	Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11	Down Passenger	13 35
No. 1	Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3	Down Frontier Mail	21 15
No. 5	Down Kathiawar Mail	21 30
No. 19	Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7	Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

*On Saturday only for Passengers going to Europe 9 05



Members of the Bombay Provincial Harijan Board who visited Gandhiji on Thursday, submitted the report of work done and discussed lines of work in the future. Photo shows (from Left to Right) Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Mr. J. K. Mehta, Mr. S. K. Bole, Mr. Dhanukar, Mr. P. Baloo, Dr. Solanki, Mr. Kajrolkar and Mr. Jhaveri.

ASST. CASHIER DISAPPEARS

Japanese Firm's Complaint Against Employee Of Defalcation

A sensation has been created in Japanese circles in the City owing to the report that an important Japanese firm has just discovered the loss of Rs. 9,243 entrusted to one of its Assistant Cashiers to be deposited in a local bank.

The money had not been deposited and the Assistant Cashier has also disappeared.

It appears that Messrs. Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha Ltd., who have their offices at Ravelin Street, Fort, do a large import and export business in various commodities.

Documents of shipments are handed to local merchants against payment and two such payments amounting to Rs. 9,243 were received from their constituents.

Not Paid Into Bank

These cheques were entrusted, it is alleged, to Tribhowandas Mohanlal Patel, the Assistant Cashier of the firm, to be deposited in the Yokohama Specie Bank Ltd.

When the Bank pass book was sent to the Chief Cashier, Mr. Yoshu, he discovered that the two cheques amounting to Rs. 9,243 had not been credited to the firm's account.

Inquiries were made and the firm discovered that the money had not been paid into the bank.

A search was then made for the Assistant Cashier, who, it is alleged, also disappeared from the office.

It is learnt that a complaint has been filed with the City Police who are investigating into the case.

ARYA SAMAJ ACTIVITIES

Five-Year Plan Suggested To Remove Illiteracy

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 13.

The Ahmedabad Arya Samaj held its annual celebrations on the 10th, 11th and 12th of this month at the Premabhai Hall. Prof. Swaminarayan who presided on the first two days reffered to the services of the Arya Samaj to the country and observed that its activities are in all directions of public life.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Solicator presided on the closing day of the celebrations.

In reviewing the work of the Aiya Samaj, he sketched how Dayanand "S" work in India marked an epoch in the religious social, and national life of her people. It could claim six lakhs for its members and countless sympathizers. It had branches all over the world numbering 2000.

In the field of education its work was no less glorious. It conducts seven first grade colleges, 200 high schools, 2 girls high schools. 150 middle schools 192 primery schools, 142 night schools, 700 girls schools, 50 orphanges, 40 widow homes, 15 free dispensaries, 300 Sanskrit pathshallas, 31 gurukulas. This work he continued is the greatest monument to Indian private efforts and the Samaj ought to be proud of it.

He observed however, that the Samaj should not rest content with that. There was immense work yet remaining and he exhorted the Gujarat Arya Samajis to concentrate their further efforts on removal of illiterary he suggested a five years plan for removal of illiteracy in Gujart and felt confident that if concentrated efforts were made the result would be great. He wished that Gujarat could at one time prove as did Dr. Bernand's institution (which had its motto "No child shall be refused admission) that no child would be refused education."

Shastri Gomtishanker and Shastri Manishanker addressed the meeting and with stirring appeal from Sjt. Pardhubhai Valabhai Sharama of the Bombay Arya Samaj, the proceedings were concluded after an vote of thanks to the president and those who had contributed to the success of the occasion.

FLAG SALUTATION ON SUNDAY

Formal Opening Of Congress House To Be Performed

The first flag salutation ceremony will be performed at the Congress House, on Sunday, the 17th instant, at 9 a.m. (S.T.), which occasion will also be used as the formal opening ceremony of the Congress House.

AT-HOME TO SENHOR V. DE BRAGANZA CUNHA

Atya Begum's Plea For Founding Musical Centre In Bombay

There was an interesting send off "At Home" by friends and admirers of Senhor V. de Braganza Cunha, on Sunday, the 10th inst. at Scout Hut, Esplanade Maidan.

The gathering was a representative one, including among other distinguished guests, there were H. H. Maharajah of Bajang, Atya Begum, Professors, A. Meneses J. D'Souza, Docors U. Mascarenhas, V. D'Sa, Menino and D'Souza Mr. J. P. Lobo (Advocate) and many others.

Atya Begum in proposing the toast of the guests of the evening, Senhor and Senhora V. de Braganza Cunha, said that Sa. Braganza Cunha was a distinguished writer and scholar and was well-known in the International Universities circles as a fine historian. She further mantained that the music ability of the Goans was extremely predominant, and she appealed to the prominent citizens to found a great musical centre which would be a great asset in the City of Bombay.

Senhor V. de Braganza Cunha, in response, thanked Atya Begum, the promoters and those present and gave a valuable short history of Goa in India and assered them of his best co-operation in improving their condition with the Government of Portugal.

Both the speakers paid a tribute to Mr. L. A. Dias, not only as an energetic Secretary of the Motherland's Youth Society but as a sincere disinterested worker, and as a Secretary of which strove his best to arrange this gathering.

After partaking the refreshment, etc. the dancing was kept up till late in the evening.

LAND TAX REMISSION IN SIND

KARACHI, June 14

In view of the low prices of the agricultural products as compared with those prevailing when the current settlements were introduced, the Government have sanctioned special remission for non-barrage areas in a number of taluks in Sind for rabi for the year 1933-34.

The extent of remission sanctioned ranges from 12½ per cent on assessment to 25 per cent.—A. P. Special.

Mr. G. S. Dadarkar of the Pathare Kshatriya community, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Patki Jadhav & Dadarkar, has just returned from England after qualifying himself for A.R.I.B.A.

BIHAR'S RELIFF

Mayor's Fund For Rajen Babu

Further donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Babu Rajendra Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund, are as under:—

Already acknowledged Rs. 1,84,633-11-4; through Mr S N Kalbag—the Bombay Chemists and Druggists Association Messrs. Parke Davis and Co., Rs. 250; Messrs. Muller McKlean and Co. New New York Rs. 100; Messrs. Thomas Kerfoot and Co. of Bradsley Vale Rs. 66-10-9; Messrs. Grimault and Co. of Paris Rs. 50; The Karnatak Nutan Sangit Sabha being the proceeds of a Benefit Performance Rs. 369; Messrs. Panday and Co. Solicitors on behalf of the Trustees and in the name of the late Rao Bahadur Currumsey Damji of Bombay Rs. 5,000; The Proprietors Gujarati being the second instalment of collection from the subscribers and readers of the Paper Rs. 991.

Including donations of sums less than Rs. 50, the total stands at Rs. 1,91,624-11-8.

An amount of Rs. 2,424-15-0 has been received from the Government of Bombay being the Entertainment Tax collected on the sale of tickets at the Charity Cricket Match which was played in Bombay in March last, between the M. C. C. Team and the Indian Eleven, for being forwarded to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund.

Mayor's Fund For Viceroy

Further donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund for being forward to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund are as under:—

Already acknowledged Rs. 3,22,484-15-0 Col H B Vernon Rs. 100; Dr Y M Pradhan, Secretary, All-India Medical Licentiates' Association, Surat Branch Rs. 122; Miss S S Paruck Rs. 100; Mr Rustomji Edulji Mody Rs. 1,000; Mr. and Mrs Framroze Sorabji Narielwala —"In memory of their dear departed Baby Dorab" Rs. 51; The Jewish Co-operative Banking Society Rs. 51; The Mazgaon Books Employees Co-operative Credit Society Rs. 50; Mrs Dinbai R. Dadina—In memory of the late Khan Bahadur Dr. Ratanji Rustomji Dadina Rs. 101; Mr and Mrs M C Davar Rs. 51; Amount collected by the Girl Guides of Bombay Presidency, at their Rally in February Rs. 310-0-3; The Bombay Presidency Proper Cricket Association, being the proceeds of a Charity Match between the M. C. C. and the Indian Cricket Teams Rs. 7,741,-7-0; The Karachi Police Co-operative Credit Society Rs. 50.

Including sums less than Rs. 50, the total stands at Rs. 3,32,398-14-3.

KAPURTHALA BAN

KAPURTHALA, June 13.

An announcement by beat of drum was made to-day in Kapurthala that all sorts of meetings and processions are prohibited in the city.—United Press.

HARIJAN BILLS MUST BE PASSED

N. Kanara Hindus Support Measures Of Rajah And Ranga Iyer

SEVAK SANGHA FORMED AT KARWAR

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARWAR, June 12.

A Harijan Sevak Sangh for the Karwar Taluka was formed at a public meeting of Hindus of the Taluka convened under the auspices of the local Hindu Sabha last evening. Rao Saheb M. B. Borkar, who presided, was elected Chairman of the Sangh with Mr. K. R. Haldipurkar as Vice-Chairman and Messrs. S. D. Nadkarni and M. A. Pai as Secretaries.

"ABOLISH UNTOUCHABILITY."

The meeting also passed a resolution according its full support to Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah's Abolition of Untouchability Bill.

A general meeting of the Hindu Sabha was then held to elect its office-bearers for the next year.

At their meeting convened on Saturday evening to consider Rajah's Bill the members of the Karwar Bar Association unanimously resolved to report their opinion as being in favour of the Bill.

TEMPLE BILL.

"A manifesto in favour of Ranga Iyer's Temple Entry Bill" which has been issued by the local Hindu Sabha over the names of ten representative Hindus of the District, and copies of which with about a thousand signatures from the Hindu masses and classes have just been sent to the Government of India, says:—

"Though this Bill is called 'Temple-Entry (Untouchables' disabilities) Bill,' the question it seeks to decide is not at all whether the 'Untouchables' should be allowed to enter the temples or not, but only whether the Hindus should or should not be free to decide that question for themselves by a majority. If under the existing law the Hindus are not free to alter a religious custom by a majority vote, then that law is a great obstacle to the free exercise of religion, and its enforcement is nothing but an interference with our religion. The above Bill, which seeks to remove such an interfering law of the present day, is obviously quite essential to the freedom of religion of us Hindus."

MISCHIEVOUS PROPAGANDA.

"While such is the fact, some irresponsible persons have been misleading the people by telling them that the above Bill is a blow to our religious freedom. The Bill will not secure to the Untouchables the right of temple-entry, but it will only secure to the touchable worshippers of any public temple the right of deciding whether the said right of temple-entry may be extended to the untouchables in respect of that temple. In our opinion, therefore, the above Bill ought necessarily to be passed and ought indeed to have been passed long before this. The Bill has our full support."

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Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1934

SOUND LEAD

The Congress Working Committee has given a sound lead to its subordinate Congress organisations by commending to them a vigorous pursuit of various constructive activities calculated to promote national well-being and solidarity. Those who are stirred to action only by excitement will perhaps object that the programme recommended is not dynamic or rousing enough. But, it is a mistake to believe that political excitement or talk of militant action necessarily does any real good or that quiet constructive work is necessarily devoid of effective political influence. For any one, for instance, to laugh at khaddar work is to betray utter incapacity to realise the potentialities of khaddar in helping to effect a complete stoppage of the imports of foreign cloth and the national advantage, economic and political, of such a stoppage. Much also depends upon the way in which a particular programme is worked out. Several ardent Congressmen talk of organising peasants but actually do little in that direction; nay, many of them have not even clear ideas as to how any such organising is to be effected. On the other hand, the vigorous pursuit of a programme of khaddar and prohibition has done much to promote effective rural organisation in various parts of the country. Then facts need to be specially remembered by those Congressmen who may be disposed to appeal from the Working Committee to the plenary session of the Congress for a more dynamic programme. We do not suggest that the Committee's programme is not capable of improvement. We only declare that, rightly carried out, it is dynamic enough to be immediately put into effect on a nation-wide scale without waiting for a lead from the Congress session or any controversy about rival party programmes.

The Supreme Need

Easily the most needed constructive activity at the present moment is the promotion of communal unity. The Working Committee has done well to include it in its programme but has failed to give it the prominence it deserves. Communal unity is the supreme need of the hour but, unfortunately, it is the one that is least attended to. Nay, consciously or unconsciously, many leaders, who might have known better, are doing everything possible to make communal unity harder to achieve than it is today. It is, therefore, the first duty of the Working Committee that is to meet in this city on Sunday to devote special attention to this all-important topic. Mahatma Gandhi, than whom no better leader can be imagined to tackle this question, in our view, owes it to the country to cancentrate his best efforts for a time on this wider problem, of which the problem of untouchability is but a part. It is not enough for Nationalists to condemn the Communal Award that stands self-condemned. It is their duty, if they are really earnest about communal unity, to do everything possible to evolve a comprehensive voluntary settlement to replace the Award. It is pusillanimity to fight shy of this task indefinitely, as if it were an impossibility at the present moment.

Importance Of Constructive Programme

The question of Council entry has recently received far more attention than its intrinsic merits deserve. That is mainly because of the forthcoming elections. Once they are over many of the councillors may be tempted to confine their activities to the Councils out of a mistaken theory of division of labour. It is true that a few selected men ought to pay special attention to Council work. But they cannot escape their responsibility as Congress leaders to pay due attention to the other items of the constructive programme. They must realise that their Council work itself will be really effective only to the extent it is backed up by their work in the country and by the consequent hold they exercise on their constituents. It is, speaking generally, the duty of every Congressman to devote himself wholeheartedly to such items of the Working Committee's constructive programme as he has the capacity and opportunities to promote. Only such earnest constructive work can prepare the country for the next phase of mass action for national freedom.

America And The War Debts

The American rejoinder to the British Note on the War Debts leaves no hope of an early or amicable settlement. Unless Britain pays a sum of some 85 million dollars, by June 15 next, America will regard her as a defaulter. And the present declared penalty for such default, that it is in the power of the American Government to enforce, is the prohibition of any participation in any bond or loan to any such defaulter by an American citizen or corporation. Whether Britain will be frightened by this threat is more than doubtful. She has sufficient annual surplus of her own seeking investment abroad to make her admirers believe that she would be utterly unaffected by this sanction. But if the United States could persuade the other nations of the American Continent,—those particularly who are considerably indebted to the United Kingdom, and who are in the habit even today of borrowing largely in that country,—to refuse payment of the British claims against them, or their private citizens and enterprises, unless and until Britain agrees to a settlement with the United States in respect of the War Debts, the comedy of today will be transformed into a tragedy of to-morrow. If the United States give an economic interpretation to their century-old Monroe doctrine in politics, if they assert, and give effect to, their hegemony of the American Continent, so far as to reorganise that vast region into a self-contained unit without contact with such defaulting people as the Europeans, the latter will find the spectre of starvation staring them so hard in the face, that war or revolution will only be a question of time.

Much as we would wish that such a consummation be avoided, much as we would pray that sanity return to the counsels of the Western Powers, both in Britain and in America, we see not a ray of light in the latest development in this controversy. As the American President has explained, the rejoinder to Britain makes a mention of "payments in kind," but that is only by way of illustration, and for a partial settlement of the debt. Because the United States Treasury make just a passing reference to this mode of settling the dispute, there is no reason to believe that thereby its solution is advanced by a single inch. We have ourselves suggested a most practicable and workable means of making payments in kind, which Britain herself tried, in a manner of speaking, during the World War, and whose efficacy no one could question. But that mode of settling the dispute presupposes the *Will to Pay*, and a modicum of common honesty, which is so conspicuous by its absence in modern European politics. Any other mode of making "payments in kind" will meet with the same fate, so long as the Will to Pay is absent. And if the British find that the United States are resolved to treat John Bull as a defaulter,—the latter would naturally see no reason to throw away good money after bad by making a "token" payment. So that, even that door towards settlement is closed.

In this state of things, the only way out is wiping off the entire schedule of international debts. As the American Treasury has justly reminded the British, no condition was ever made, when the Anglo-American Debt convention was first made, about payments to the United States from Britain being dependent upon Britain's receipts from her own debtors. The attempt, in these circumstances, of the British Government to camouflage their own unabashed default by such claptrap as the refusal of their debtors to pay will not avail them. And America might consider,—the present Note admits of the possibility, if carefully read between the lines,—any revision of her claims, if only the debtor would make a concrete suggestion. It is certainly not for the creditor to take the initiative as to how little he would take. The debtor can offer his own terms, as John Bull did in 1923 and provide his own guarantees against any further breach of agreement as they did in 1932. And if once the Anglo-American tangle is solved, the other countries,—France not excepted,—will have to follow suit. By such devices it would be easier to secure even a completely clean slate, in course of time, whereas mere bluff would only end in disaster.

SOVIET FASHION NOTES

The Petit Bourgeois Returns With Paris Fashions

(By "FLANEUR.")

It is a curious psychological phenomenon that two apparently antagonistic wills end by absorbing and cancelling each other, while they set out to dominate and exterminate.

The New Bourgeois.

Naturalists have remarked a similar process in which extreme fear and hatred prove the agency of adaptation of certain definite physical characteristics of the species that provoke that particular emotion in the world of nature—that vast and mysterious world of which man is a pny echo.

Not long ago, Mr. Duranty, the American Press correspondent in Soviet Russia, reported how the Soviet young women in the cities were engaged in cultivating fashions in costume and now several Press paragraphs describe the progress of these fashion 'shock' workers.

A Woman's Victory.

The State trusts are promoting beauty shows with a view to advertise feminine dresses and the reports state that these are copied from Parisian patterns. Which means that, whilst the Trozskist political opposition has collapsed, the women's opposition, set up to redeem the Soviet femininity from the level of planned dullness, routine, insipidity, greyness and general lack of excitement to which they have been reduced by various factors of a more or less strenuous economics-social existence, has scored a victory.

Return of the Vermin.

The news ought really to baffle all those who imagined that Russia was eternally rid of the hateful bourgeois, who copied fashions from Paris and indulged in the ideologically decadent trivialities of social existence to the horror of your honest-to-Carl-Marx proletarian.

The features reported of the Soviet beauty-shows leave no doubt of the petit-bourgeois inspiration of the entire movement: and the idea of be-skirted Soviet proletariat turning Parisward for fashion ideology is too horrible to admit the possibility of composition of a dialectical thesis demonstrating how the apparent line of deviation could be condoned as a necessary and desirable tactic.

BRITISH FASCISM

Fascism in England, is, after all, not going to be ignored. Besides the victims whom it renders painfully conscious of its 'vigorous' existence British Fascism is making itself felt by an accommodating Parliament also. The Home Secretary's replies in the Commons disclose a fairly high record of Black Shirt achievements during the brief space of a year and a half. True, that measured in numerical terms, of opponents put in their place, namely, hospital or private beds, a score or so is not much of a record as compared with the pioneering days in Italy or Germany. But it does beat the miserably low figures, sometimes as low as zero, of other parties in England, even the Communist party.

And given better chances, who knows that Sir Oswald Mosley and his men—and women?—will not take it up to "Roman" and "Aryan" heights? Unfortunately, however, the National Government do not appear to be sufficiently helpful. And therein lies trouble for Mr. Ramsay MacDonald who has already had a taste of Lord Rothermere's powers so effectively as to have pledged himself, according to persistent rumours, to a betrayal, in the autumn, of some of his present colleagues too.

GANDHIJI'S HARIJAN MISSION :

No Better Commemoration Of His Visit Than The Starting Of Social Uplift Centres In All Harijan Quarters

(BY K. F. NARIMAN.)

III

Those who have worked on a systematic and efficient basis social uplift centres in Harijan quarters at Walpakhadi and other places will appreciate the following glowing account. How within a few months the whole atmosphere and surroundings of these otherwise mirky and dingy places are entirely changed, how the whole population, and particularly the intelligent and intrepid little ones of both sexes, readily respond to little efforts on your part, how they appreciate and reciprocate even little kindness and goodness from their patrons and benefactors, how anxious they are to remove the unjust stigma that a cruel society has imposed upon them. The neglected place that was so full of dirt and filth, is soon transformed into quarters as decent, clean, sanitary and hygienic as any so-called high-class residences in the City, with a school for both juveniles and adults, cutting and sewing classes for females, sports, physical culture and exercise. Garba dances and at times cinema and amateur theatrical performances by actors recruited from their own rank, to supply pleasant pastime and healthy recreations, which divert their minds from the evils of drink and gambling and also a small library and arrangements for medical relief, complete the equipment.

Wanted Proper Lead

That, in short, is a picture of a social welfare centre in Harijan quarters, attainable with comparatively small expenditure; all that is needed is a proper lead and systematic organisation, with definite well-thought-out plans and schemes for work. Is it not both the duty and privilege of the Harijan Sevak Sangh Board to give that lead and what could be a better commemoration of Gandhiji's Harijan visit to the City, than starting such social uplift centres in all Harijan quarters in the City?

Deprived of any such innocent and beneficial occupation, is it any wonder that, according to the old adage, 'Devil finds mischief for idle hands to do', they gradually fall under the fatal grip of poisonous drink or equally baneful 'gambling in figures'? A stranger passing along their locality is often accosted by a Harijan man or woman, requesting and begging to be supplied with the number. It is only an experienced and hardened speculator that uses or understands such language.

Worst Form Of Bribery

Another problem needing special attention is the evil custom known as "Dasturie". This custom as the word indicates, has been so old and has been practised so regularly and systematically as to have earned this title of "Dasturie", as if it were a normal matter-of-fact innocent custom. It is the worst form of bribery, which has, by years of practice, been worked up to such a perfect system as to make these illegal payments as regular and normal as weekly or monthly honestly-earned wages and salaries. It is an elaborate and well-organised arrangement; for every emolument honestly earned or every service legitimately rendered, the Harijan servant of the Municipality has to contribute a certain percentage. The payments are usually received by the Mukadums, whether for self or to be distributed amongst others, they alone know. For every job, secured, a certain percentage of salary thus disappears, in some cases, for the whole period of service. For securing a room or promotion, for winking at their faults, for transfer, leave and every conceivable reason, fixed "Dasturie" is to be paid. Years ago I had made persistent efforts to eradicate this evil practice; investigations were made and even prolonged prosecutions were launched, but beyond mitigating the evil for some time, I did not succeed in completely eradicating it. I believe the practice still subsists though, perhaps, in a milder and modified form. Years ago Thakkar Bapa, too, had made attempts in the same direction but without success. If the Harijan Board could exert its vast influence and power to save the unfortunate victims from further persecution, they will not only earn the blessings of thousands of redeemed Harijans, but will also enhance the prestige and reputation of their organisation and justify their existence and continuance.

These are some of the humble suggestions from one who has always taken a keen interest in this problem in the past, and who will ever be ready and willing in future, to offer such services as he is capable of rendering for this cause, deserving of full sympathy and support from all right-thinking men and women, regardless of class, creed or political school to which they belong.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

HOARE "VINDICATED."

The debate in Parliament on the Privileges Committee Report, has, of course, fully 'vindicated' Sir Samuel Hoare and Lord Derby, but they have not escaped altogether unscarred. Even Mr. Churchill freely admitted that they acted "from the best of motives and perfectly honourably;" but Mr. MacDonald himself, at the same time, "hoped that members had carefully studied the warning appended by Lord Hugh Cecil to the Report." It is, therefore, clear that both Sir Samuel and Lord Derby were guilty of "over-persuasion" acting "from the best of motives and perfectly honourably."

THE ESSENTIAL DIFFERENCE.

And this is what India will note as quite significant. Sir Samuel Hoare and Lord Derby influenced the Manchester evidence because they are British patriots and wanted to do the best for Lancashire, India's principal textile rival in this country. This is more or less clear to India, from the unfortunate fact that the evidence was, if we may repeat Mr. Churchill's "ugly word," suppressed. This, we are told, was done in the "public interest." That it obviously means Lancashire interests, is further confirmed by the report that "Mr. Churchill agreed that some evidence which was likely to damage Manchester trade, should be excluded from the Committee's Report." We wish the full evidence was published. But although it will not, the whole controversy leads inescapably to the conclusion that the difference between Diehards and White Paper enthusiasts is the difference between ruthlessly open and thinly disguised exploitation of India in the interests of British trade.

HITLER-MUSSOLINI TALKS

Stra, where the two dictators, Signor Mussolini and Herr Hitler, are meeting, will be the object of concentrated international gaze. If the meeting fails the "status quo" will remain save, perhaps, for a further accentuation of the present Austro-German bitterness. If, however, the meeting succeeds, the success may well turn out to be stupendous. Re-establishment of genuinely cordial relations between Italy and Germany may conceivably lead to some sort of a "Pact" which will react on the present international situation in a variety of ways. It will relieve the Austro-German tension, raise the stock of Italy higher up against France and, needless, perhaps, to say, deal another blow to Geneva. And it will exert an intriguing influence on the problem of which Russia is the centre.

QUESTIONABLE TACTICS

The statement issued by Drs. B. C. Roy, Deshmukh, Erulkar and K. S. Roy, all members of the Indian Medical Council, justifies the worst fears that were entertained about the actual working of the Medical Council Act. Sir Fazli Hussain said of the Act that it was calculated to ensure "efficiency at home and honour abroad." The decisions of the June meeting of the Council formed under the Act show that efficiency would be judged in practice more by the British Medical Council than by the Indian Council; and such a position can hardly be honourable for the latter either at home or abroad. The Secretary of the Indian Council, brought out from England on the recommendation of the President of the British Medical Council on a high salary, has been allowed by the Indian Council at its last meeting to be an Inspector of the Indian Medical Examinations, though such an appointment was specifically forbidden by that very Council in March last.

PLAYING SECOND FIDDLE

The worst of it is that this reversal of the earlier decision has been secured mostly by Government's nominees on the Council in a most arbitrary manner, as the statement in question points out, "in contravention of all regulations which prevented such reconsideration within one year." The statement reveals some other glaring irregularities, committed by the Council and Dr. B. C. Roy is reported to be contemplating legal action against them. The Indian medical interests need to be very vigilant and to resist every tendency in the Indian Medical Council to play second fiddle to the British Council.

USEFUL WORK

A report issued by the Bombay Sewak Samaj, which was formed for the purpose of improving the condition of the Harijans, and which has been carrying on welfare work for some months past among the Municipal sweepers at Valpakhadi, shows that even in so short a time the society has done some valuable work. The establishment of a "creche" for Harijan children, making arrangements, in co-operation with the Gujrat Vyayan Mandal, for their education and physical exercise and improvement in the sanitation, lighting and housing condition are some of the achievements of the society. More valuable, however, has been the work of the society towards the liberation from the inferiority complex of the Harijans who are now being taught to realize their civic rights and privileges. The society deserves support and emulation.

Press Views

Cochin Harbour Controversy

There exists a feeling among Indian States that in their dealings with the Paramount Power, their interests are always ignored. Whatever may have been the case in the past, to-day it is not so. The present Commerce Member was once Dewan of Cochin and he certainly cannot be accused of being oblivious of Cochin's legitimate rights. One thing none of the parties should forget and that is that on their mutual co-operation depends the success of the scheme. Without British India's co-operation, the goods entering Cochin harbour cannot have a market in India, while if Cochin and Travancore non-co-operate, the produce of the British Indian plantations on the Western Ghats must be content with the inconvenient, uncertain and difficult outlets they now have in the minor ports of the West Coast. Without mutual accommodation and adjustment, it will be impossible for the parties to get the best out of Cochin harbour and it is to be hoped that, realising this fact, an arrangement, fair and saitsfactory to all, will be arrived at.—"Hindu".

"Black" Justice

As General Hertzog has submitted a claim for the transfer to the Union Government of the British West African Protectorates, the treatment of natives within the Union becomes a matter of more than ordinary importance. The test of a civilized government is the justice meted out to its citizens in its law courts. The Johannesburg "Star" refers to a case at Harrismith, in which a European, who assaulted a native lad and killed him, was found guilty of man-slaughter and fined £12, or six months' hard labour. A few weeks earlier two native children had been fined £10 at the same place for stealing a fowl. A correspondent of the "Star" commenting on the way justice was meted out in these two cases, pertinently observes: "The value of a native being just £2 more than that of a fowl, it would be interesting to know what would happen if a white child were clubbed to death by a native." There can be no doubt as to the answer.—"Hindustan Times."

Caption to Privileges Committee Debate:—
"Mr. Churchill Gets A Rebuff."
Quite. For he was told "Don't be so zealously officious. We know, and are doing, THE JOB better."

* * * *

The names of three rich Indian ladies appear in the list of women who are raising a million pounds to start a daily newspaper for women in England.

Commenting on this a Delhi confrere says "Charity" should begin at home."

It has.

* * * *

In the course of a press statement, Dr. Moonje prays to God to give Congress strength and clear vision.

Must we really appreciate his self-denying altruism??

* * * *

Congress, he says, should further announce that in its position of impartiality it shall not accept or bless any solution of the communal problem which is not the result of mutual agreement between Hindus and Muslims.

Meanwhile both the Hindu and Muslim Moonjes have considerately arranged to spare Congress the trouble by mutually agreeing never to agree.

* * * *

Love In Fashion Again
—Paris Letter of "C. & M. Gazette."

But when had it ceased to be 'de rigeur'?

* * * *

The outward air mail left Karachi yesterday morning with 8 passengers "including Duleepsinhji and Chaudhry Zafrullah Khan."

Both are in their respective spheres great cricket enthusiasts. And it is reported that they are flying to London, the one to watch Test batting at Lords, the other to applaud body-line bowling in the Commons.

* * * *

The Sanatanists of South India, have been advised by Shri Shankaracharya to capture the Congress.

Considering how they regard the Congress, the suggestion amounts to capturing the devil so that they may escape. Harijans. How very thoroughly orthodox.

* * * *

But Congress should gladly welcome the Sanatanists with a guard-of-honour of Harijan volunteers. They should also be given a very prominent place, indeed, the same as the Harijans.

* * * *

"Shall our descendants be lone swimmers in a saffron sea?" is the question raised in an article in the Popolo d'Italia the authorship of which is attributed to Signor Mussolini. The article is headed "White Birth Rate Sinks: Yellow Progress."

The article suffers from an obvious omission and to complete the colour scheme it should have been given a prominent black border.

* * * *

The latest criticism against India relates to her food. Mr. Nichols, the Essex cricketer who was in India with the M. C. C., complains that his present debility is due to the diet he got in India which was not sustaining enough.

The die-hards ought to make use of Mr. Nichols' statement in their propaganda against the White Paper, for the diet it will receive in India will certainly not be sustaining enough.

Meanwhile Messrs Grant Gowan, De Mello and others should issue an apology and re-inforce it with a solemn promise that during the next visit of the M. C. C. foolproof arrangements will be made to neglect if need be not one Nissar but the whole Indian eleven to be able to devote all the time money and energy in hospitality to our guests.

* * *

THE TROUBLE.

Mrs. A: "I can't understand why you don't get on with your husband. He's all right in his way."

Mrs. B: "Yes but he's always in mine."

HITLER-MUSSOLINI MEETING

Il Duce Greets Him In Fascist Style, While Latter Returns Salute In Nazi Fashion

(SPECIAL CABLE).
VENICE, June 14.

Escorted by Italian aeroplanes, Chancellor Hitler accompanied by Baron Von Neurath and high Nazi officials arrived 10-05 a.m. at the airport from Munich for the historic meeting with Sgr. Mussolini.

The German Delegation was welcomed by Sgr. Mussolini dressed in Fascist uiform.

The Italian Delegation was introduced by Il Duce to Herr Hitler, who afterwards inspected the guard of honour composed of sailors dressed in black and yellow uniforms.

The party then proceeded by motor boat to Venice. As they passed the lagoons, warships lining the route fired salutes.

The Italian press have published news of the visit only this morning. They refrain from commenting on its objects, apart from assuring Herr Hitler of a cordial welcome.

GONDOLA'S PROCESSION.

When Herr Hitler's plane taxied to the spot where Sgr. Mussolini stood surrounded by Black Shirts, Il Duce stepped forward to greet Herr Hitler, while the band played Deutschland Uberalles.

Herr Hitlers arrival at the Grand Hotel was greeted by enthusiastic cries of "Viva Viva" from the assembled crowds.

Her Hitler will at noon attend the luncheon at the Stra given by Sgr. Mussolini. Conversations between the two statesmen will follow.

Herr Hitler and Sgr. Mussolini will, in the evening attend a concert in the court-yard of the Doges Palace attended by 400 guests.

A feature of the festivities will be the illuminated procession of 200 gondolas.

Scene reminiscent of the Medieval splendour was witnessed when Herr Hitler and Sgr. Mussolini entered Venice like two heroes of the ancient Republic after a successful campaign.

Standing in the launch the two statesmen passed along Bols Saintmarks, followed by a long procession of white and brown launches. Previously, Sgr. Mussolini greeted Herr Hitler with the Fascist salute at the Lido airport, Herr Hitler returning the salute in Nazi fashion. They chatted in German for a few minutes before the welcome ceremony, afterwards proceeding by launch to Venice. There was a remarkable outburst of popular enthusiasm for Il Duce, while Germans gathered outside the Grand Hotel greeted Herr Hitler with "Hail Hitler."

Authorities have taken every precaution to protect Herr Hitler. Police and soldiers are guarding the hotel where the Chnncellor is staying.

HITLER—MUSSOLINI CONFERENCE

LONDON, June 13.

It is officially announced in Berlin the Herr Hitler is meeting Signor Mussolini to-morrow to discuss the general political situation.

Rome is officially silent, but Signor Suvich has left for Venice where Baron von Neurath is arriving to-night.

Workmen are busy modernising villa Stra, installing electric light and bath pipes.

A ten foot wall 1½ miles long surrounds the house and garden which will be guarded by 300 troops.

Signor Mussolini will occupy the room of Napoleon's brother-in-law.—Reuter.

NAZIS SWOOP ON SWISS NEWSPAPERS

BERLIN, June 13.

The most leading Swiss newspapers have been confiscated today by the secret police.

It is believed that their reports on the Austrian situation were not in conformity with the Nazi views.—Reuter's Special.

Sir S. Hoare Unanimously Acquitted

"He Has Done Only Obvious Duty When Approached By Lancashire"

LONDON, June 13.

Speaking in the Commons, on the Privileges Committee's report, Mr. L. S. Amery said that he had hoped for a very different speech Mr. Churchill than whom nobody knew better how to conduct a good humoured retreat from an untenable position, whereas Mr. Churchill delivered a frontal attack on the committee's findings. His case has tumbled down like a pack of cards on investigation. There never has been any question of going back on India's fiscal autonomy, and Sir Samuel Hoare has done the only obvious duty when approached by Lancashire.

Lord Hugh Cecil pointed out that the Select Committee has never been treated as a judicial body. His reservation in the report was concerned with the future, and not with the present.

Mr. Robert Boothby accepted the Committee's verdict and announced that he would not move any amendment (which "in view of the implications and report" urged for a further definition in the status of the procedure in the other Committees of the House.)

Mr. S. S. Hammersley pointed out that as a result of the discussions to the India Textile Mission has unanimously agreed that the foundation of goodwill could effected, and said it is possible to so develop trade between India and the United Kingdom that the important sections in India would regard Lancashire exports as not harmful but complementary to India's fuller and economic life. The mission was unanimous how best to improve the Indo-Lancashire trade

"Ugly Word"

Sir Thomas Inskip winding up, protested against Mr. Churchill's use of the "ugly word" of suppression in relation to the evidence He hoped Mr. Churchill, on reflection, would come to a conclusion that when the committee unanimously decided it was not desirable to publish the evidence in full they exercised their impartial powers of judgment in the public interest. The Committee did not suppress any evidence, but merely arrived at an impartial faithfull conclusion with a desire not to prejudice the interests of Lancashire or India. He was not surprised that there would be no division. The whole House felt satisfaction that two universally respected men were acquitted of a serious charge.

Major Attlee declared that on the facts submitted by the committee their finding was the only one possible. He pointed out that he did not sit on the Select Committee as a judge without any preconceptions and did not leave his political views outside. The Select Committee was a part of the legislative and not the judicial process.

Complete Agreement

Sir Archibald Sinclair on behalf of the Opposition Liberals expressed complete agreement with the report and said that he always considered the Select Committee would not relieve Government of its responsibility. Sir Samuel Hoare never shirked his share as was shown when he gave the evidence. The Opposition Liberals, therefore, rejoiced in his exoneration and welcomed the report as removing an impediment to the development of the policy of fostering goodwill and co-operation with India.

Sir Samuel Hoare was present throughout the debate and was warmly congratulated by Ministers and members.

Hoare Acquitted

Sir John Simon appealed to the House to adopt the report without dissentient. He regretted that Mr. Churchill had not shown a wise and generous acceptance of the report which finally disposed of the matter

Mr. Churchill interjected: "Don't make any mistake about that."

Sir Simon expressed opinion that the matter was raised in the hope and belief it would accomplish Sir Samuel Hoare's ruin. He has been unanimously acquitted and the House's vote would show that he was entitled to resume his work and possessed the confidence of his colleagues in the House and in the country. (Cheers.).—Reuter's Special.

Derby On Churchill's Propaganda

(Special Cable.)
LONDON, June 14.

"I am not going to pay any attention whatsoever to the accusations against me," said Lord Derby presiding at the annual meeting of the Empire Cotton-growing Corporation.

"All I can say is, I never thought that much credit would be given to the author of them, and I am glad to think that my prophecy. was justified."

He added that some present at the dinner which was the subject of controversy could fully bear out that he was always intent doing utmost to secure goodwill between the Lancashire and Indian Millowners. He had always felt that legislation in itself was not going to sell cotton goods.

WHITE PAPER STILL AGITATES DIE-HARDS

Mr. B. C. Allen Suggests Strengthening of British Officials In Key Services

LONDON, June 13.

Proposals with a view to strengthening the White Paper were outlined by Mr. B. C. Allen before the East India Association. Mr. Allen urged that if the White Paper in its present form was rejected by India, Britain should introduce modifications to enable the establishment of stable government and to ensure her real share.

He suggested 'inter alia' the stipulation and maintenance of a reasonable proportion of British officials in the key services, a stronger representation of the British element in the legislatures, a reduction in size thereof, and freedom to choose ministers from outside the legislature.

Sir Alfred Watson challenged Mr. Allen's various contentions and declared that his fears on financial grounds were not shared by Sir Basil Blackett and Sir George Schuster.

Sir Basil Blackett considered that the financial factor might be unimportant if prices rose and trade recovered but failing that the Government of India would not be the only Government to find the situation beyond its capacity.

He believed that the White Paper was not only inevitable, but a better scheme than could have been hoped when the Simon Commission went out to India, or when Mahatma Gandhi was at the height of his power.

£50,000 ENGAGEMENT RING RETURNED

Mr. Jacob Astor Apologises To Ex-Fiancee's Parents

NEW YORK, June 13.

The diamond engagement ring valued at £50,000 given by Mr. John Jacob Astor (Junior) to his ex-fiance Miss Eileen Gillespie has been returned to him on his sending the required apology.

Mr. Astor who is twenty-one broke off his engagement last January because of the alleged interference of the girl's parents.

The parents state that Mr. Astor was offered the ring and other non-transferable presents eight days after the romance burst on condition he wrote apologising for the language used to their daughter, and retracting threats concerning her and her family. He has now done so. Mr. Astor has since become engaged to another girl.—Reuter.

SIR C. CLEMENTI RESIGNS

LONDON June 14

Reuter understands that Sir Cecil Clementi resigned the Governorship of the Straits Settlements on grounds of illhealth. —Reuter.

SIGNAL REBUFF FOR CHURCHILL

Time Spent On His Complaint Is Not Wasted, Says "Times"

LONDON, June 14.

"Mr. Churchill courted and received a second signal rebuff," declares "The Times," and adds: "His clamour for the publication of evidence had never had the slightest substance.

"It was, in effect, to reqire for the House of Commons as a whole the conduct of a fresh trial on the very issues on which the judgment has been already pronounced by a body established for that purpose.

"The House would have stultified itself if it had consented to anything of the kind. Isolated letters might be produced which would supply a fresh fuel for the flames of controversy, but they would do no more, and it is clearly in the public interest that having been examined impartially by the House of Commons chosen representatives they should be forgotten as soon as possible even by their author.

"The best that can be said is that the time spent on the examination of Mr. Churchill's complaint has not been wasted if the decisive results suceeds in clearing away the least vestige of misunderstanding about the Select Committees functions."—Reuter's Special.

REICHSBANK MORATORIUM

BERLIN, June 14.

The Reichsbank has declared a full moratorium for six months from July 1, including the Dawes and Young loans cash transfers. —Reuter.

AS LONDON VIEWS IT

LONDON, June 14.

The Reichbank's proclamation of moratorium for six months of all debts, is regarded by creditor countries as highhanded. At the outset of the recent debt negotiations, the British Government announced that it would take a grave view, if Germany defaulted the Dawes and Young Loan payments.

The British action is not yet decided, but it is unofficially predicted that it will take the form of establishing a compulsory clearing house arrangement, whereby the amounts due to Britain in the Dawes and Young loans would be deducted from the sums paid for German goods.

The immediate effect at the London Market was the sharp fall of Dawes Loan from 60 to 40 and Young Loan from 62 to 43. Quotations later are purely nominal. The Chancellor has promised a statement in the House of Commons to-morrow.—Reuter.

WALL STREET OPINION

NEW YORK, June 14.

International Banking circles opine that the moratorium, unless modified, is likely to arouse a sharp international controversy. The German bonds opened moderately lower.—Reuter.

GOLD COVER RISES

PARIS, June 14.

The continued influx of gold holdings is reflected in the weekly balance-sheet of the Bank of France which increased by 386 million francs and the gold cover rose to a fraction over 79 percent.—Reuter.

MARVEL OF MODERN MEDICINE

Lost Speech Restored To Victim Of Sunstroke

(From Our Correspondent.)
PATNA, June 14.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has received the following cable from Babu Subhas Chandra Bose from Vienna, "Mahamaya begun conversing".

It may be recalled that Babu Mahamaya Prasad Sinha, Zemindar of Saran, and member of the A.I.C.C., while undergoing incarceration in the Hazaribag Jail in 1932 in connection with the Civil Disobedience, lost his speech all of a sudden while suffering from fever and sunstroke.

All treatment available in India having proved ineffective, he proceeded to Vienna sailing by the same boat by which Dr. Ansari sailed on 24th May last.

Now comes the welcome news of the marvellous cure effected in such a short time.

CONGRESS CANDIDATE FOR ASSEMBLY

Beawar District Committee's Choice

BEAWAR, June 13.

Mr. Jainarain Vyas, Secretary, Beawar District Congress Committee, wires:—

The District Congress Committee, Beawar, met to-day under the presidentship of Swami Kumaranand.

The letter of the Provincial Congress Committee regarding Assembly elections was considered. The meeting recommended to contest the Assembly seat in any case and suggested Mr. Mukut Beharilal, Advocate, as most suitable candidate and asked the Provincial Congress Committee to nominate the candidate at the earliest possible date and not to accept any title-holder's candidature.

The District Congressmen are meeting again on the 16th instant.

C. P. CONGRESSMEN TO MEET

NAGPUR, June 14.

To give effect to the Congress Working Committee's resolutions a meeting of the C. P. Marathi Congress Executive will be held on the evening of June 17 when steps will be taken to review the District Congress organisations and enrol new members.—A. P.

LIFTING OF BAN IN BENGAL

DARJEELING, June 13.

The Associated Press understands that orders by the Bengal Government withdrawing notifications in respect of a considerable number of the Congress organisations in Bengal declaring them unlawful are already under issue and will be gazetted next week. The cases of the remaining organisations are being examined individually and order in respect of them will be issued within reasonable time.—A.P.

LIBERATED AFTER TWENTY-SIX YEARS

French Naval Lieutenant Pardoned Through Efforts Of Nurse

PARIS, June 13.

The release of Benjamin Ullmo from the Guiana Convict Settlement after twenty-six years, fifteen of which was spent on Devil's Island and eight in solitary confinement, recalls how a woman of dazzling beauty known as La Belle Lison completely bewitched him as a young Naval Lieutenant, luring him to sell secret submarine plans.

Ullmo was arrested under dramatic circumstances at a lonely spot after his desire to provide for Lison's extravagances had driven him to steal the documents, and offer to sell them to the Ministry of Maarine.

His release was due to the efforts of a nurse unknown to him, who on reading an article relating to the case persistently approached the authorities urging pardon.—Reuter.

FRANCE WILL NOT PAY WAR DEBT

PARIS, June 13.

In a Note of 200 words France tells the United States that as no new factor had intervened she was not in a position to pay the June instalment of 141,000,000 dollars.

France does not contest the validity of the debt, and remains willing to discuss any settlement which takes account of the present circumstances.—Reuter.

THIRD MINISTER OF BENGAL

Khan Bahadur Azizul Huque Appointed

CALCUTTA, June 14.

The "United Press" officially learns that Khan Bahadur M. Azizul Huque, M.L.C., Public Prosecutor of Nadiad, has been appointed the Third Minister in the vacancy caused by the oppointment of Sir Khawja Nazimuddin to the Executive Council. The Khan Bahadur takes upon himself the duties of the office on June 15.

He was the only representative from Bengal on the Lothian Committee, member of the Bengal Banking Inquiry Committee, Member of Bengal Jute Inquiry Committee. Member of Bengal Board of Economic Inquiry and Member of Bengal Retrenchment Committee and Vice-President of Bengal Board of Industries.—United Press.

ACTIVITIES OF BRITISH FASCISTS

Home Secretary Inundated With Queries

LONDON, June 13.

In anticipation of to-morrow's debate in the House of Commons on British Fascist activities, the Home Secretary was inundated with juries at question-time today.

Sir John Gilmour in the course of various replies stated nobody was injured in Fascist meetings in London, in 1932, but ten persons were injured in 1933, and 45 men and three women up to June 11 1934, the later figure including the five injured in disturbances in London last week-end.

Thirty-six persons were arrested in connection with disturbances during Black Shirt meetings in London during the present month, five of whom were Fascists. At the Olympia meeting three persons arrested were found carrying offensive weapons-wooden truncheons, a pair of pliers, and iron bolt respectively.

There were two instances of Black Shirts attempting to break up meetings, one at Kilburn during the British Anti-War movement in May, another last November where British Union Fascists broke up a meeting of Imperial Fascists.—Reuter.

LIGHTNING KILLS SEVEN PERSONS

Terrible Tragedy In Mexico: Farm Destroyed

MEXICO, July 13.
(Special Cable).

Four men and three women were killed by lightning while sheltering in a small farm near Juxtlahauca. The farm was completely demolished and at least thirty animals were killed.

Un-Islamic And Unhygienic

BEGUM ZOHRA FYZEE AGAINST PRESENT SYSTEM OF PURDAH

Fatima Begum Explains Islamic Teachings

(SPECIAL TO "THE CHRONICLE")

Purdah in particular and generally the social and educational backwardness of Muslim women are problems that intimately affect the progress of Muslim Society. They demand, in the interests as much of the Nation as of the Muslim community itself, immediate and serious attention. Holding the view that those directly concerned have a greater right to deal with a given problem, the "Bombay Chronicle", has arranged to publish views, given in special interviews, of prominent and representative Muslim ladies on Purdah and cognate subjects. The following are further interviews inaugurated by Begum Ayesha Shaukat Ali.

"WANTED SEX EQUALITY"

—Mrs. Ali Bahadur Khan

"Musalmans who are opposed to women observing Islamic 'purdah' are like those who justify gambling and wine-drinking," said Fatema Begum Saheba, the lady Superintendent of Municipal Girls Schools, Bombay. Asked to explain, the teachings of Islam about 'purdah' she said that Islam permitted women to unveil their faces but wants them to cover their heads, necks and arms when appearing in public.

EDUCATION NECESSARY.

The education of girls, she said, is incumbent on all Muslims as their religion required all Muslim women and men to seek knowledge. When asked about mixed education of boys and girls she opined that the experiment had failed in the West and Europe was not satisfied with its results. "But if there are no arrangements for separate education of girls in certain branches of education," she said, "I have no objection to girls attending lectures of male teachers provided there is a screen between male and female students." Between teacher and taught she thinks there is no need for a screen.

QUESTION OF CURRICULUM.

Regarding curriculum of studies she thought it should be different for boys and girls in the primary stage when girls should be given a thorough training in domestic work and a sound religious education. "Girls who don't get proper religious and domestic training in primary class and go up for higher studies lose their feminine characteristics."

POLYGAMY MUST GO.

She is strangly opposed to polygamy, Justice, in the truest form is the quality required in a man who may marry more than one wife and this rare virtue could only be found in prophets. She does not favour, however, a ban in polygamy by legislation and would prefer creation of a strong public opinion against it through good education.

Asked as to how radical reforms could be introduced in Muslim Society with special reference to improving the condition of women, she said this could be done by establishing, Women's clubs and Women's papers which may carry on incessant propaganda against all evil customs and practices.

She saw no harm in Muslim women taking part in politics if educated and experienced Women only took to active politics.

GIRLS' EDUCATION.

"Muslim women must be modern but not ultra-modern," said Zohra Begum Fyzee, the eldest sister of the Begum of Janjira when interviewed by the "Chronicle" representative. She said there was no justification for keeping women behind purdah but they should not go in public in semi-nude dresses like some of their European sisters.

Asked about the education of girls she laid great emphasis on the need for good religious training. By this she did not mean old and dogmatic interpretations of Islam but education which may create in them a truly Islamic spirit. She advocated the establishment of aan cademy to publish easy and interesting books on Islam for children.

PURDAH UNISLAMIC.

While condemning the the attitude of the bigoted section of Musalmans who defended absurd practices that had crept into Muslim Society, she said the prevalent purdah system in India was both unhygienic an un-Islamic. Islam, she declaared, required women to take part in every sphere of human activity.

WANTED SEX-EQUALITY.

"The most virtuous life is that of women of Russia who enjoy absolute sex-equality," declared Mrs. Ali Bahadur, a prominent Congress Worker who severely condemned the group of reactionaries who opposed the abilition of 'Purdah' on the flimsy ground that it would endanger morals. She had herself been brought up in a 'purdah'-observing family and observed it till a few months before going to jail. She said she was opposed to it as a result of her personal experience. Her husband had started a campaign and she was in complete agreement with him. She believes in complete sex-equality

SVEN HEDIN IN SINKIANG

"Commanding Revolutionary Forces Against Govt."

(SPECIAL CABLE)
STOCKHOLM, June 14

Sven Hedin arrived at Urumchi in Sinkiang after exploring the possibilites of building a motor road through the interior of Asia. He experienced great difficulties during seven months' journey including being held prisoner with members of his party by General Ma, commanding revolutionary forces against Sinkiang Government. He was only released when Ma was routed. Hedin is returning to Sweden 'via' Suchow.

WELL-KNOWN JOCKEY DEAD

James Occasionally Rode For His Majesty

(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, June 14.

The death occurred of R. James a well known jockey. James was thrown off his mount at the Beverley races yesterday. Struck by rails he died this morning without regaining his conciousness.

James occasionally rode for His Majesty.

BENGAL GOVT. IN DILEMMA

How To Select Associations From Which Ban Can Be Removed

CALCUTTA, June 14.

A Bengal Government press note says that the question of removal of ban on the Congress organisations has been taken in hand but as the total number of the Associations in Bengal is large and some of the associations when declared unlawful were engaged in activities other than purely Congress and civil disobedience, the work of selecting associations from which ban can be removed will naturally take sometime to be completed.

The Bengal Government, however, hope that it will be possible to issue orders with respect to a large number of such associations before long.—United Press.

MADRAS LEADERS FOR BOMBAY

MADRAS, June 14.

Mr. Nageswara Rao, President of the Andhra Congress Committee left for Bombay this morning to attend the meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board. Mr. T. Prakasam is leaving for Bombay to-night in the same connection.—A. P.

Readers' Views

WHAT MILLOWNERS HAVE FAILED TO DO

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The following extract from the Report of the British Economic Mission to the Far East (published in the "Labour Gazette" of January 1934) will show what wages are paid to the mill-workers in Japan and what welfare work is done for them there.

"Earnings according to the statement which they gave us are, for 8½ hours day as follows: Lowest yen 1.00 (2s.), Women yen .70 (1s. 5d.); Highest yen 3.00 (6s.), Women yen 3.00 (6s.); Average yen 1.60 (3s. 2½d.), Women yen 1.10 (2s. 2½d).

When 10 hours are worked the rates are increased proportionately and workers on piece rates earn some 20 to 30 per cent more than those on day rates."

"In addition to the actual cash wages, provision is made in practically all cotton mills for the female workers to be housed in the companies' dormitories for which including heating and lighting no charge is made. In the case of male workers, houses belonging to the company are, as a rule, let to them at nominal rents. In many cases, workers have the free use of library, supplementary school courses play grounds, cinema and other miscellaneous welfare services. For meals in the dormitory and lunch in the factory some of the factory owners defray more than half the cost, some less, but all appear to pay a certain part of the cost. There is in addition free provision of medical attendance and of health insurance, the latter costing the employers about 2 per cent of the wages. Provision is made in this case for compensation in the case of workmen being injured by accident, falling ill, or being killed whilst attending to their duty—amounts varying up to a sum of not less than 18 months' pay in the case of disability for life. Bonuses are paid for regular attendance and retiring allowances are made on discharge or termination of services. The above together with the cost of recruiting, is claimed by the employers is equivalent to about 40 per cent. and sometime as much as 50 per cent. of the nominal wages. The Kanegafuchi Spinning Co. reckon their indirect contribution outside actual wages to work out at 57.7 sen (1s. 2d.) a day per operative. The Toyo Spinning Co.'s figures work out at 42.4 sen (10d.) a day. Nearly half of the Kanegafuchi welfare cost goes, however, in special bonuses and in the provision of entertainment such as pictures, gardens and occasional trips, etc."

This extract will clearly show what welfare work is being done for the mill workers and what personal touch is being maintained by the mill owners with their workmen in Japan. The want of such welfare work and personal touch in Bombay, I think, makes it possible for outsiders to step in.

The summary of the Report of the Tariff Board on the Indian Cotton Textile Industry, published in the "Labour Gazette" of February 1934 contains the following recommendation:—"The efficiency of Indian labour may be improved by the establishment of closer personal contact between the management and labour as well as by the adoption of the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Labour in India."

The following extracts from Sir Lallubhai Samaldas's book, "My Impressions in Japan", verify the statement made in the abovementioned report. Sir Lallubhai says: "I saw the inside working of the mills and while there made enquiries of workers through an Indian interpreter as to their present condition and future intentions. I went round the dormitories of girls as well as of bachelor workers, including special bath-room arrangement made for them, as also the family quarters of workmen I was taken to the dining room within the mill premises to be used during the recess hour and to the hospital and the amusement hall and buliding, the schools, the playground for male workers. In one mill, the first of the five I visited, there is a small musical theatre within the mill area where free cinema shows are arranged for the workers. When I visited the theatre I was shown a film depicting an excursion party of the girls paying a visit to a neighbouring hill. Many of the girls who were not on the shift and were free came with us to the theatre, squatted on the clean floor and enjoyed the film and talked amongst themselves and laughingly jabbered with a freedom seldom noticeable among our Dadar Parel workers whom we even now insult by calling them mill-hands. At another, but a smaller mill where working families on the mill premises, I found their quarters (two storied wooden houses) and surrounding lanes quite clean. The accommodation provided is two rooms—small ones with a verandah. Just inside the entrance was the amusement hall having a billiard table at which two workers were playing. I do not think that even the mills doing labour welfare work in India have ever thought of presenting a billiard table to the workers. There were other indoor games on tables which were played by workers sitting on chairs. The hospitals are nice commodious buildings where both outdoor and indoor patients are attended to by qualified medical men The in-patient wards in most of these mill hospitals were empty, and the management referred to this fact with pride. The management of the first class mill referred to above have built outside the mill premises but in their vicinity a public hospital for use of the people living in that locality at a cost of 3 lacs yen ..... When I walked through these dormitories and schools and other buildings and saw the clean, bright, cheerful girls, working or running or studying or reading newspapers in the common dining room, I was naturally reminded of the physical conditions of the workers in India and the dingy condition of their living rooms and the crowded condition of the environments and I felt that if the mill agent of these companies had made real earnest efforts to improve the economic and intellectual condition of the workers and had provided them with cheap, clean houses and places of amusement, the men would have worked with the same zeal as the girls in Japan do. The wages of these girls can be said to be nominal and no rent is charged for living in dormitories. Three meals are provided at half the cost, the remaining half is borne by the mills, and free educational facilities are given to workers, to make them better and more qualified men and women. Most of our mill agents seem to think more of the dividends to be paid to the shareholders and the commission to be earned by themselves, than of improving and strengthening the financial position of the company by writing down the plant, removing old and putting in most modern and up-to-date machinery and keeping their labour not only contented but happy. Although there may be some truth in the oft repeated statement of the mill agents that their labour is made restive on account of the incitement of labour leaders, yet it has to be admitted that they themselves have failed to realise the fact that if there had been a greater human link betwen them and their labours and that if they had made honest attempt to help the labourers to improve their social, economic and intellectual condition there would have been very little occasion for outside agitators to create trouble".

If the Bombay millowners will try to mend their ways and have personal touch with their workers by doing welfare work on the lines of Japan and form work committees and unions as suggested by mill officer I think there would be very few chances for the cutside agitators to step in and create trouble.—Yours, etc.

S. K. BOLE.

Wanted Explanation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I think it is high time now that a public protest should be raised against the organization which managed (or rather mismanaged) the Grand Wrestling match at the Cooperage last Sunday.

Sir, imagine people coming from up-country and from distant places to witness the big match between Gunga and Venkappa Burud to be finally told that the match could not come off owing to some dispute as regards the purse to be offered to one of the wrestlers. The most amazing thing was that the organisers themselves are reported to have left with the gate money before the public could question them as to the 'bona-fides' of the dispute regarding the purse money. Even the police on the spot were a bit puzzled on seeing the organisers having disappeared suddenly.

It is in the interest of the sporting public that this organization should be brought to book without any further delay.—Yours, etc.,

RATANSHAW NUSSERWANJI.

June 13.

JAWAHARLAL IN JAIL

Kamala Nehru Says His Health Is Satisfactory

DEHRADUN, June 14.

Shrimati Kamala Nehru arrived from Lucknow this morning. She interviewed Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru in jail for about one hour Pundit Nehru's health is reported to be satisfactory. The Pundit has been maintaining his weight since his arrival to Dehradun.

After the interview Mrs. Nehru motored with Mahabir Tyagi to Ajabpur village two miles from Dehradun to see Mrs. Tyagi there. Mrs. Nehru looked cheerful. She will stay here for a couple of days.—A.P.

MAN-EATER BAGGED

Villager Wins Prize

DEHRADUN, June 14.

A man-eating panther about 10 feet long was bagged by Vijai Ram of Ithian village about 20 miles from Dehradun. It had killed several children and wounded many persons during the last six months causing great havoc in the neighbouring great havoc in the neighbourhood of Bhogpur. Government had offered a prize of Rs. 100 for killing it.—A.P.

COMMISSIONER OF ADEN THANKED

For Protection Of Hodeida British Subjects During Saudi Occupation

SIMLA, June 14.

A Communique says:—

Intimation has been received that merchants in Aden who have commercial interests in Hodeida addressed a letter to the Chief Commissioner, Aden, on the 14th May expressing their gratitude for the arrangements made for the protection of the lives and property of British subjects at Hodeida during the period of Yemeni evacuation and Saudi occupation of that town. A copy of the letter received here is as follows:—

"After tendering due respects, we beg to submit our thanks to Your Excellency for the necessary arrangements you kindly made for the protection of the lives of subjects of the British Government and their properties at Hodeida. Had you not taken interest in making these arrangements, looting and killing would have taken place in the country. By means of your endeavours, both British subjects and other inhabitants there have been saved of looting and killing We, therefore, offer you our sincere thanks for the same. All Muslims in other countries are also thankful to you.

We request you kindly to convey our thanks to the Commander of H.M.S. "Penzance" for the interest and energy he took in protecting the interests of the inhabitants."—A.P.

DACOITIES ON G. I. P. RAILWAY

Gateman And His Son Brutally Assaulted

JUBBULPORE, June 14.

The Divisional Superintendent at Jubbulpore, G.I.P. Railway wires:—

Dacoities were committed last night on the Itarsi-Jubbulpore section of the G.I.P. Railway at Gatelodge 282 where the gateman and his son were brutally assaulted and seriously injured and also at Gatelodge 283 where the gateman was similarly maltreated.

Further, it is reported an attempt was made by the same dacoits at Gatelodge No. 282 but was foiled by the presence of the gangmen in the vicinity.—A.P.

Mrs. Sastri Seriously Ill

MADRAS, June 14.

A Coimbatore message says that Srimati Lakshmi Ammal, wife of the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, is lying seriously ill and that her condition is causing anxiety.

Mr. Sastri who had orginally intended to proceed to Poona to attend the Servants of India Society's anniversary celebrations had in consequence to cancel his journey.—A.P.

TUNGANS ADVANCE

Opposing Chinese Contingent Said To Be Surrendering

PESHAWAR, June 13.

The situation in Sinkiang continues to be without much excitement except that the Tungans are continually pressing forward. News from Sarikol states that they have now occupied Yangi Hissar, Karghalik, Tashkurghan and Tashmalik. The Tungans are reported to have been reinforced by Uzbegs, Muharajins of Russian Turkistan.

The opposing Chinese contingent of 150 retreated by forced marches to Subashi and Gez. Yusuf Jan's followers are said to be surrendering to the Tungans with rifles and horses. Yarkand is reported to be quiet. It is reported that a large number of pilgrims have left from India via Laddakh.—A.P.

WORLD'S BIGGEST BLOCK MASONRY

Acting Viceroy To Open Mettur Project On August 21

MADRAS, June 14.

Elaborate arrangements for the inauguration of the opening ceremony of the Mettur project by Sir George Stanley, Acting Viceroy in August 21 are being made by the Madras Government.

The Dam, the bigest block masonry in the world and a reservoir, fourth biggest of its kind in the world will be named after Sir George Stanley while higher and power parks below the Dam will be named after Lady Beatrix Stanley.—United Press.

"NO FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED"

Evidence Of Press Employee In Simla Abduction Case

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 14

To-day's interest in the Hindu Girl Abduction Case "lay in the evidence of Abdul Rahman, an employee in a local press in whose house the girl happened to stay for three days. Rahman stated in answer to the Crown Inspector that he first saw the girl with a "Burkha" on her at the residence of Nasarullah. He went there as Nasarullah and his wife wanted him to give accommodation to the wife of Sobhan, which he did. He had known Sobhan to be widower, but he thought that he might have married later. He brought the girl to his own house, as requested. He did not suspect any foul play till three days after, when in answer to his question whether she was the wife of Sobhan, the girl related the whole story of how she had been misled by Gani and Gaffar, and giving her father's name and his address requested him to take her to Multan. Some guests came to his house that night and so he took the girl to Nur Ahmed's house and left her there.

"COOKED FOR THEM ALL"

In cross-examination, witness Abdul Rahaman stated that the girl stayed in his house quite happily and cooked for them all. He had never met Sobhan. Nasarullah's wife came to his house one day when he told her about the girl. She (Nasarullah's wife) told him that she did not suspect any foul play and that she gave the girl shelter under the impression that she was Sobhan's wife.

Defence Counsel: Did you tell Sub-Inspector of Simla Police that you told Nasarullah that you wanted to marry"?

Witness: "No."

23 DAYS FOR OFFICIAL BUSSINESS

Assembly Session Commences On July 16.

SIMLA, June 14.

Twenty-three days have been provisionally allotted for the disposal of official business in the Legislative Assembly during the sesion which commences on 16th July, while the Governor-General has already allotted five days for the disposal of non-official business.

Dates for official business are as follows:—16th, 17th, 18, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 30th and 31st July and 1st, 6th, 7th, 8th, 13th, 14th 15th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th August.

If the state of Government business requires it, the President will appoint further days for transaction of official business.

The dates for discussion of non-official bills are 19th July and 2nd and 16th August and for resolutions 26th July aand 9th August.

MAYORAL TANGLE

Calcutta Corporators' Requisition For Meeting

CALCUTTA, June 14.

It is understood that a requisition signed by a large number of councillors belonging to different groups has been drawn up and will be forwarded to the Chief Executive Officer of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation in a day or two asking him to convene a meeting for the election of Mayor and Deputy Mayor. The requisition contains an assurance that there will be no dissension in regard to the selection of the Chairman for the meeting and that every effort will be made by the signatories to conduct the proceedings in a constitutional and orderly manner.—A.P.

BIRLA AND ASSEMBLY ELECTION

No Intention Contest Seat At Present

CALCUTTA, June 14.

The report appearing in the press that Mr. G. D. Birla would stand for election to the Legislative Assembly either on the Congress or Hindu Sabha ticket is absolutely incorrect. The "Associated Press" understands that Mr. Birla has no intention of contesting the Assembly election at present.—A.P.

CENTRAL HARIJAN BOARD

To Meet In Benares

CALCUTTA, June 14.

The "Associated Press" understands that the next meeting of the Central Board of the Harijan Seva Sangha will be held at Benares on July 28 when Mahatma Gandhi will have finished his Harijan tour. The meeting will make a survey of the work he has done after which, it is stated, he will be free to do both political as well as other works. Though Pundit Malaviya is not a member of the Board he is expected to attend the meeting. Gandhiji is expected to reach Benares about July 22 after completing the rest of his tour.—A.P.

TINSUKIA MAIL ROBBERY

Three Persons Arrested

CALCUTTA, June 13.

Details of the Eastern Bengal Railway train robbery show that a number of youths alleged to be Bengalis entrained the down Assam Mail which left Tinsukia at 9 p.m. on June 11. After it had proceeded about three miles two of them stopped the train by pulling the alarm chain when a number of them rushed out from different compartments and began to fire preventing the passengers from coming out while a few got hold of the mail van and looted all cash and insured parcels.

All of them left the spot for the jungle nearby.

They had revolvers which are reported to have been carried covered up by old newspapers which they threw away on the spot.

Police arrived at the place of occurence soon after they were informed and noticed the name of a Bengali Kaviraj, written on one of these papers. Police searched the house of Kaviraj at Tinsukia the same night and recovered almost all looted articles including cash, Kaviraj and his son with two Bengali youths who were temporarily in his house have been arrested. No injury has been received by any one except the mail guard who received slight scratch on his leg from the shot of a revolver.—A. P.

SEARCH FOR MAIL ROBBERY SUSPECT

SYLHET, June 14.

The local police searched yesterday the houses of Prafulla Gupta a school teacher and Kshitish Das in connection with the daring Mail Robbery at Tinsukia. Both were lef off after their statements were recorded. Ramakanta Das nephew of Kshitish Das who was wanted by the police in connection with the Mail Robbery has not yet been traced.

All motor buses proceeding towards Shillong are being held up and the passengers searched.—United Press.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Radio At Gateway.

The idea of installing loud speakers at the Gateway of India has fallen through owing to various difficulties. In January last, the Municipal Corporation requested the Municipal Commissioner if it was practicable to instal loud-speakers at the Gateway of India for broadcasting radio programmes with a view to the entertainment of the public who visit the Apollo Pier in the evenings.

The Municipal Commissioner consulted the Executive Engineer, P.W.D., as the Gateway is incharge of the P.W.D., and the latter opined that the Gateway should not be used for such a purpose. Another difficulty that arose was in regard to licence, as under the Indian Telegraphs Act, a licence is necessary and the Director of Wireless drew attention of the Municipal Commissioner to this point at the same time informing him that he would take no responsibility for claims which might be made by holders of copyright of the items broadcasted.

In view of these difficulties the question of entertaining the public with radio programmes at Apollo Pier has been dropped.

Plight Of S. Indian Students

The attempt of the Inter-University Board of Control to bring a settlement between the Madras and the Bombay Universities has proved futile. Even the more remote chance of reciprocity seems to be disappearing. But the pathetic aspect of the question is that a great mass of students from Madras, who find better facilities in Bombay, and so have migrated here, find themselves stranded. According to a responsible University officer, the action taken by Bombay University is simply on the principle of reciprocity, and the moment the ban by the Madras University on Bombay University is lifted, the latter's ban goes away as a matter of course. "The whole question lies in the hands of the Madras University students themselves," he added, "and unless these students impress upon the minds of the authorities there, that the great chances they are likely to get in Bombay, are stifled by their action, there is little or no chance of the Madras students getting admission here in our colleges."

REVENUE CLERK SENT TO JAIL

CALCUTTA, June 13.

Birendra Kisore Bose, Bench Clerk of the Land Revenue Settlement Office, Alipore, was sentenced by the Alipore Magistrate to six months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 50 for Criminal Breach of Trust in respect of 3 1|2 maunds of paper bearing Government of India water mark. The accused it was stated sold the paper along with waste papers to a dealer for rupees eighteen.—A.P.

FASCIST MENACE IN U. P.

CAWNPORE, June 13.

A strong Fascist Party has been formed with the object of counteracting the influence of many Socialist Parties. Mr. Narain P. D. Arora, ex-M.L.C., has been elected the President of the Party and Mr G G Jog, Secretary.

The Secretary is issuing a statement shortly after his return from Calcutta. The Party is also starting a daily paper from Agra under the editorship of Sri Krishen Dutt Paliwal, ex-M.L.C.—A.P.

FORCED LANDING OF LOCAL MAIL PLANE

MANIKGANJ, June 14.

A Fox-moth aeroplane carrying the Calcutta Mail made a forced landing this morning at Dasara near Manikganj owing to bad weather.

When landing, the Machine accidentally turned turtle. The pilot Mr. P. Sarma escaped unhurt. The machine was slightly damaged. There was no other passenger.—United Press.

MYSORE'S FINANCES

Revised Estimates Reveal Over Rs. 21 Lakhs Deficit

BUDGET SESSION OF NEW ASSEMBLY

MYSORE, June 14.

The first session of the newly constituted Mysore Representative Assembly met this noon, Sir Mirza Ismail presiding when the budget estimates for year 1934-35 were presented by Sir Mirza Ismail.

The total revenue was estimated at Rs. 363 point 39 lakhs and provision was made for expenditre of Rs. 362 point 97 lakhs, leaving a surplus of Rs. 1 point 32 lakhs.

The revised estimates reveal a deficit of Rs. 21 point 55 lakhs. The programme of capital expenditure which one time stood as high as Rs. 112 point 96 lakhs is being cut down to 20 lakhs of rupees for the current year.

Sir Mirza Ismail declared that Mysore had alreadi gone a long way along the road of economic nationalism and self-sufficiency.

Referring to subsidy, he hoped that time was not long distant when Mysore would be free from payment of heavy drain.—United Press.

Lunavada, June 14.—A ceremonial durbar was held at Lunavada last evening to celebrate the 25th birthday of His Highness the Maharaj Saheb. References were made to the great personal popularity of the Maharaja Saheb.—A.P.

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BOMBAY CALCUTTA

CROWDS WELCOME GANDHIJI AT STATION

Mahatma Arrives In Bombay

Receives Great Ovation At Victoria Terminus

Meets Harijan Board Members And Advises On Future Measures

With the arrival of Mahatma Gandhi, members of the Congress Working Committee and also the members of the Congress Parliamentary Board in the City on Thursday morning, Bombay has become the centre of political activity.

Mahatma Gandhi will, however devote the major part of his time to problems connected with Harijan work.

Bombay gave a rousing reception to the Mahatma, when he arrived with other members of the Working Committee from Wardha, at the Victoria Terminus on Thursday. Thousands of persons thronged the Station, but only a few hundred could get entrance to the platform.

Popular Ovation

As the train steamed in, lusty cries of "Mahatma Gandhi-ki Jai," rent the air. The crowds made a rush towards the third-class carriage in which Gandhiji was seen, but were checked with some difficulty by Volunteers.

On alighting Gandhiji was garlanded by Seth Mathradas Vassanji, the President of the Local Harijan Board and several ladies.

As Gandhiji passed through the surging crowds, assembled outside the Platform, towards his car, he was given a tremendous ovation. He drove to Mani Bhuvan, Gandhiji's Bombay Headquarters.

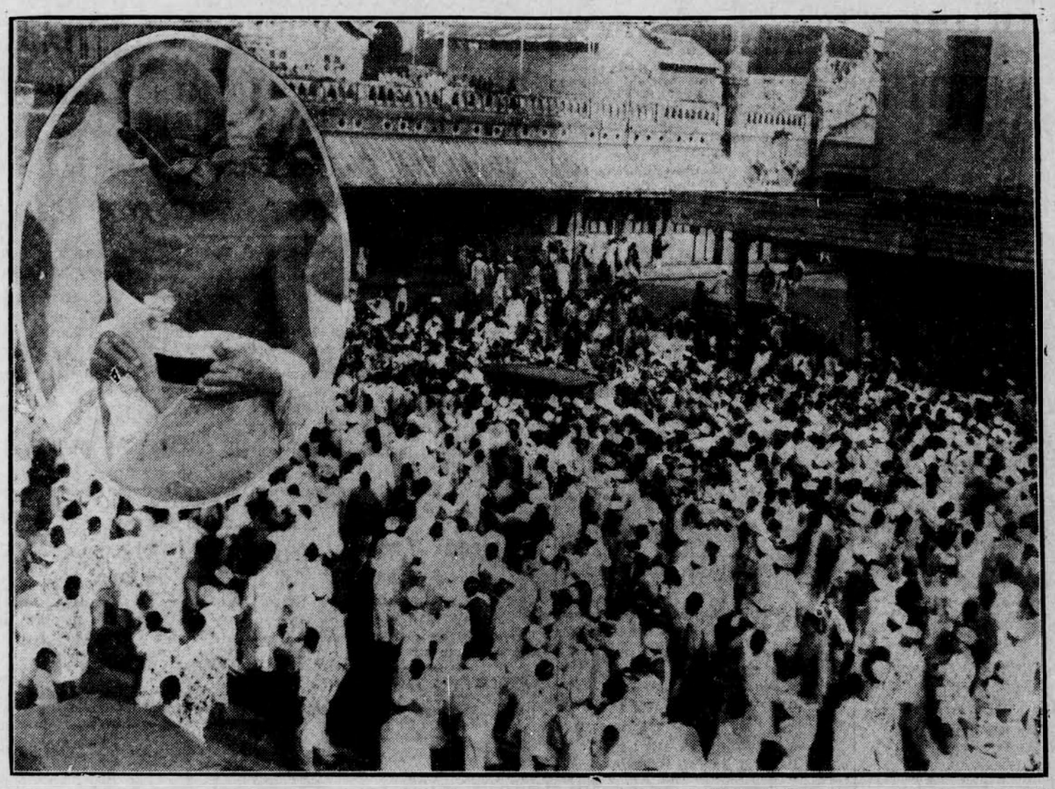
A large gathering of prominent Congress and Harijan leaders was present on the Platform to accord Gandhiji a hearty reception. Among those present were: Pandit Malaviya, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Mathradas Vassanji, Mr. R. Birla, Mr. K. Munshi and Mrs. Munshi, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mrs. Perin and Mrs. Goshap Captain, Mr. Nagindas Master, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Mr. Motichand Kapadia, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, and Dr. Sathaye.

Harijan Leaders Present

Several Harijan leaders were also present on the occasion. Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar, who had come with a large number of his followers garlanded Gandhiji. Mr. P. Baloo, Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar also took part in the reception.

Among the early visitors to Mani Bhuvan on Thursday were:—Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President and General Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board, who had conversations with Gandhiji, lasting for about an hour.

MAHATMAJI IN BOMBAY



A large crowd greeted Gandhiji at the Victoria Terminus on his arrival on Thursday in connection with his Harijan tour. (Inset) Mahatmaji acknowledging the welcome with his characteristic smile.

ADVICE TO HARIJAN BOARD

Keep Movement Free From Politics, Gandhiji Tells Them

The advice that the Local Harijan Board should try to persuade Hindu landlords to let their houses to Harijans and also exert its influence on the owners of Hindu restaurants to throw open the restaurants for the so-called untouchables, was tendered by Mahatma Gandhi, when the Local Board led by Mr. Mathradas Vassanji, the President, met Gandhiji at Mani Bhuvan on Thursday afternoon.

Gandhiji, it is stated, agreed with the view urged by a section of Harijan leaders that the Harijan movement should be kept free from politics as far as possible.

The following members of the Board were present at the interview:—

Seth Mathradas, Mr. Dahanukar, Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mr. V.L. Mehta, Mr. P. Baloo, Mr. Narayen Kajrolkar, Dr. Solanki, Rao Bahadur S.K. Bole, Mr. J.K. Mehta and Mr. H.L. Jhaveri.

The Board submitted the report of its activities and sought Gandhiji's advice regarding future work. The Board also requested Gandhiji to get the Central Board to permit the Bombay Provincial Board to retain 75 per cent. of the collections made in Bombay instead of 50 as suggested at present.

Mahatma Gandhi after some discussion expressed appreciation of the action of the Bombay Board in renting three Improvement Trust Chawls and giving them for the use of Harijans. He also desired that the Local Board should exert its influence with Hindu landlords to see that they let out their houses for Harijans, and also persuade Hindu owners of restaurants to remove the bar on Harijans. Mahatmaji asked the Board to persuade individual Hindus to engage Harijans as domestic servants and employees in offices. He impressed upon the Board the fact that while everywhere he found little hostility to the cause of removal of untouchability there was everywhere indifference and inertia. He wanted the Harijan Sanghs to fight this inertia. He also promised to give sympathetic consideration in regard to the allocation of the collections and make his recommendation to the Board.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD IN CONFERENCE

With a view to facilitate consultations with Mahatma Gandhi, the Congress Parliamentary Board meets on Friday at Mani Bhuvan, Gandhiji's Bombay head quarters.

Meanwhile a Sub-Committee of the Board met at the residence of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai at Warden Road on Thursday afternoon to consider the rules drafted by Mr. Bhulabhai, which are almost on the lines of the old Swaraj Party of late Pandit Motilal Nehru. The meeting was held in camera, Pt. Malaviya presided.

The following members of the Board were present:—Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Dr. Bidhan Roy, Mr. J.C. Gupta, Mr. Asaf Ali, Mr. T. A.K. Sherwani, Mr. S. Satyamurti, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari was present by invitation.

WORKING COMMITTEE MEMBERS ARRIVE

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr. K. F. Nariman and Mr. C. Rajgopalachariar arrived in Bombay by the same train as Mahatma Gandhi.

ARRIVAL OF MEMBER OF PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

Among the members of the Congress Parliamentary Board who arrived in Bombay on Thursday morning were Messrs. T. A. K. Sherwani, Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman, Dr. B. C. Roy, Mr. J. C. Gupta and Mr. Asaf Ali. Mr. Satyamurti arrived on Wednesday evening.

WELCOME AT THANA

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, June 14.

To Mahatma Gandhi a rousing welcome was given by the local branch of Harijan Seva Sangh and several Congressman of the town, when the Calcutta-Bombay mail arrived here at seven this morning with Mahatmaji Mr. A. V. Thakkar, Miraben (Miss Slade) and party in the Third Class compartment.

DADAR SETS TO WORK AGAIN

Congress Committee's Resolutions

In pursuance of the resolution of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress a meeting of the council of management of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee was held on the 13th instant at 9 p.m. at 2/25 Khandke Building when about 10 members of the Council were present. Mr. T. R. Narvane presided.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed.

(1) Resolved that all the old membership books issued upto 5-1-32 are hereby cancelled.

(2) Resolved that members of the Council of Management shall be authorized to take two membership books only of 25 forms each at a time. In case of non-members these books shall be given only after receiving deposit of Rs. 6-4-0 for each book or on written guarantee of a member of the Council of Management. Any number of books may be issued if the full amount against them is deposited with the Secretaries.

(3) Resolved that a sub-Committee of the following members be appointed to make special efforts for enrolling members with powers to co-opt not more than four Congress members: 1. J. R. Deo. 2 Shantabai Vengsarkar and 3 B. N. Anbardekar.

This committee has decided to launch a vigorous campaign for enrolling members. For this purpose it is proposed to visit responsible residents in various chawls and to request them to give them wholehearted support in this work. The office of the "G" Ward Dist. Congress Committee has been temporarily located at 2/25, Khandke Building, Dadar.

FRONTIER LEADERS AND GOVT. BAN

Detrimental To Both Parties

PESHAWAR, June 13.

"While on the one hand the communique of the Government of India has created disgust and dissatisfaction throughout India, it has at the same time given rise to a general feeling of resentment in the North-West Frontier Province. Failure on the part of the Government to lift the ban from the Red Shirt organisation has greatly upset the inhabitants of the Frontier Province in particular and the rest of India in general," state Syed Lal Badshah Ex-President, Khan Ali Gul Khan, ex-Vice-President, Hakim Abdul Jalil Nadvi, ex-member of the Working Committee of the N.-W. Frontier Provincial Congress Committee in the course of a joint statement.

LAMENTABLE TALE.

"Needless to repeat the lamentable tale of the notoriously prolonged regime based on the policy arising out of the so-called special conditions which lasted for a considerable period in this side of the Indus. The extraordinary and conservative form of Government in this province was brought to an end by the historic declaration made by the British Premier in the year 1932 whereby the Frontier Province was definitely brought on a par with the rest of India so far as its political status was concerned.

WIDENING GULF.

"Good Government and administrative far-sightedness required the gulf to be bridged with a view to creating an atmosphere of goodwill and conciliation. The unfortunate departure from the well-recognised policy would rather widen the gulf of differences between the Governors and the governed. This step would decidedly prove detrimental both to the interest of the people as well as the Government."

LIFT THE BAN.

"No one can doubt the impracticability of the present policy. Notwithstanding the decision of the Congress in favour of the Council entry, the attitude of the Government in not moving the ban on the Red-Shirts would give rise to immense misunderstanding. One would be justified to conclude that the Frontier Government intend to bang the door of constitutional progress in the face of the Nationalists and is not prepared to meet them even half way. It is high time that the Government should lift the ban on all Red-Shirt organisations of the Province and facilitate the maintenance of peace by releasing Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and other political prisoners."—United Press.

OLD HAND AT FREE TRAVEL

Milkman Gets Third Conviction For Defrauding Railway

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, June 13.

A deterrent sentence of Rs. 75 or in default three months' simple imprisonment was passed under the Indian Railways Act by Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate, Thana on Indradeo Puni (30), a milkman, for defrauding the G. I. P. Railway Company by travelling on the morning of June 9 from Bombay to Thana, holding a season ticket issued in the name of one Vishnu Damji.

The accused, who was convicted on his own plea of guilty, admitted two previous convictions of similar nature, when he was fined Rs. 20 and Rs. 50 respectively.

The Bhayya, not paying fine, courted jail in default.

The Court ordered that the season ticket be forfeited and directed the milkman to pay seven annas towards railway fare.

SALSETTE CONGRESSMEN TO MEET

THANA, June 14.

Following the removal of the ban on the Salsette Taluka Congress Committee by the Bombay Government the leading Congressmen in the Thana town are taking up the work of re-organisation.

An informal meeting will shortly be held to consider the future programme now that the Committee has been declared to be a legal body.—United Press.

Ahmedabad Forms Congress Socialist Group

(From A Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 13

A meeting of Young Congressmen of Ahmedabad was held on 12th instant to form an Ahmedabad Congress Socialist Group. The Group elected Sjts. Rohit Mehta and Narendra Desai as Secretaries to discuss the detailed programme and scope of work.

A meeting will be held on 19th instant. For the present the group has decided to help the collection of funds for the relief of Gujarat farmers as well as the Bombay strikers.

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BEK. 2.

Latest Commercial News

Reactionary Tendency In New York Cotton

INDICATIONS OF BETTER WEATHER NEWS

London Gold And Tin Easy But Silver And Rubber Steady

LITTLE BUSINESS IN GRAINS

BOMBAY, June 14.

On Thursday the sterling dollar and sterling franc cross-rates moved within a narrow range.

SPECULATIVE BUYING ON EVERY RECESSION IN N. Y. COTTON

Prices to-day showed a reactionary tendency in New York cotton as a result of indications of better weather news. There was speculative buying on every recession. This checked the decline and some resistance developed at the lower level due to local support and less southern offerings.

DECLINE IN GOLD, BUT SILVER STEADY.

London gold prices declined to-day but silver remained steady.

DULL BUSINESS IN GRAINS.

Liverpool and Chicago wheat ruled slightly easy to-day and business was rather dull.

RUBBER STEADY, AND LINSEED QUIET.

Tin declined further but rubber remained steady. Linseed was quiet.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES IN POOR REQUEST.

The London Stock Exchange was inactive with very little doing. Giltedged securities were in poor request. The New York Stock Exchange was a shade easier.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(October 1934.)

New York, June 14.

Previous closing rate	12.36
To-day's opening rate	12.27
Difference	—.09
To-day's closing rate	12.19
Difference	—.17

Broach Expectation July ... Rs. 209

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(October 1934)

Liverpool, June 14.

Previous closing rate	6.42
To-day's opening rate	6.42
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing rate	6.37
Difference	—.05

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, June 14.

Prices to-day showed a reactionary tendency on heavy realising and considerable outside selling as a result of indications of better weather news but with the appearance of speculative buying on every recession the decline was arrested and some resistance developed at the lower level due to local support and less southern offerings.

Business at the opening was done at 12.27 for October i.e. 9 points lower than the previous closing. The market was less active to-day due to the absence of any speculative activity actuated by less favourable Liverpool advices and more favourable weather conditions but thereafter prices steadied on some speculative buying induced by the steadier stock market although subsequent price changes were small and unimportant with the quotation hovering around the opening level.

The New York Cotton Market finally closed at 12.19 with a decline of 17 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 14.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.12/12.11) 12.04/12.02
October (12.37/12.37) 12.28/12.26
December (12.48/12.47) 12.39/12.38

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 14.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m

American July (6.49) 6.42
American October (6.44) 6.36
Egyptian July (8.45) 8.32
Egyptian October (8.48) 8.37

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, June 14. 10-30 p.m.

The local market was closed to-day Business in the Mahajan Association was done around Rs. 212 when New York futures were 9 points down.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the Market on June 14, 1934.

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY.

(B.T.)	Apr-May 1935	July-Aug. 1934
	Vaidas.	
10-30	Rs. 217/ 4	213/4
12-30	Rs. 215/12	212/8
2-30	Rs. 215/ 4	212
4-30	Rs. 215/ 4	212
Highest	217/4	213/8
Lowest	214/4	211/4

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, June 14.

Previous closing	5.04 3/4
To-day's opening	5.05
To-day's closing	5.04 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, June 14.

Previous closing	5.04 5/16
To-day's opening	5.04 3/4
To-day's closing	5.04 11/16
Difference	+.00 3/8

FRANC RATE

London, June 14.

Previous closing	76.34
To-day's opening	76.37
To-day's closing	76.34
Difference	unchanged

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 14.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.04 3/4 and then eased to 5.04 7/16 but subsequently the rate improved to 5.05.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 5.04 11/16

The Franc opened at 76.37 and slightly declined to 76.34 later movements being rather narrow and uninteresting

The sterling Franc crossrate closed at 76.34.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 14.

The market was quietly steady.

	Last price	To-day's Price
Spot	19 15/16d.	19 7/8d.
Forward	19 15/16d.	19 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 14.

Gold (£6-18-1 1/2) £6-17-8 1/2.

BULLION

London, June 14.

Influx (£100,000) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil.
Silver (19 15/16d.) 19 7/8d.
Gold per ounce (£6-18-1 1/2) £6-17-8 1/2.

DISCOUNTS

London, June 14.

3 months (7/8 to 15/16 p.c.) 7/8 to 15/16 p.c.
4 months (15/16 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 15/16 p.c.
6 months (1 to 1 p.c.) 1 to 1 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, June 14. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32) 1-6 1/32
Paris on Bombay (5.73 3/4) 5.74 1/2
New York on Bombay (38.06) 38.00
Berlin on Bombay (0.95 1/2) 0.95
London on Milan (58.46) 58.56
London on Shanghai (1.3 1/2) 1.3 3/4
London on Kobe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 14.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 55/3, 55/5 and 55/7. Prices improved on good speculative buying and covering but later eased on realising and selling owing to less favourable London silver advices and closed steady at Rs. 55/3, 55/5 and 55/7.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/4/9, 34/5/3 and 34/5/9. There was not much doing and prices consequently gave way on banks selling and realising influenced by improvement in the sterling rate and closed steady at Rs. 34/4/3, 34/4/9 and 34/5/3.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 14.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with July at 55 1/2 and October at 59 1/8. Trading was rather dull and uninteresting owing to the lack of enquiry and adverse foreign advices with practically no important transactions.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 14.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 95 3/4 and September at 96 1/4. Trading was less and inactive in the absence of any speculative activity.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, June 14.

Chicago oats opened steady with July at 43 3/4 and September at 43 1/2, but there was very little doing owing to the lack of demand.

Chicago rye opened steady with September at 66 3/4 but trading was dull and uninteresting.

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 14.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.

Tin (£226 1/4 buyers £226 3/8 sellers steady) £224 1/4 buyers £224 1/2 sellers weak.
Lead (£10 7/8 buyers £11 sellers dull) £10 15/16 buyers £11 sellers steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£36 to £36 1/4) £35 3/4 to £36
Glasgow (70) 70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-4 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

Crop July-Aug. (£14 5/8) £14 3/4 buyers.
Dundee July-Aug. (£17 sellers) £17 sellers
Lightning July-Aug. (£15 3/4 sellers) £15 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (6 9/16) 6 9/16 paid and buyers
April-June (6 11/16) 6 11/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay June-July (£12 7/8) £12 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta June-July (£12 5/8) £12 5/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata June-July (£10 7/8) £10 7/8 sellers.
Rapeseed Toria June-July (£10 1/2) £10 1/2 sellers.

JUTE SHARES RULE STEADY

Coals Unchanged, Teas & Securities Steady

CALCUTTA, June 14.

Jute shares ruled steady owing to improved Hessian market and good outside support. Coals were unchanged Teas were very steady. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Securities were quiet but steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent loan.
Securities:—3 per cent paper 75/8 small lot;
3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/59 98/7; 4 per cent loan 1950/70 103/5; 4 per cent loan 1934/37 100/7; 4 1/2 per cent bonds 1934 100/11; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 116/8 small lot.
Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1330; Imperial Bank conty 333/8.
Railways:—Sara Surajganj 88/8.
Cottons:—Amalgamated 20/4 ex div. Burrakur 14/12; Burrakur pref 125/8; East Indian 20/4; New Beerbhoom 14/12; New Manbhoom 30/14; Raneegunge 34/8 small odd lot.

JUTES.

Anglo India 370 small lot; Bally pref 124; Cheviot 221/8 small lot; Chitavalsah pref 117 Clive 30/4; Fort William 259/8; Gourepore 462; Howrah 51/4; Howrah "A" pref 129; Hukumchand 14/12; Hukumchand pref 108/8 ex div; Kamarhatty 540; Kanknarrah 462/8; Lansdowne pref 123/8; National 23/12; New Central pref 136/8; Orient 210 small lot; Presidency 5/15.
Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 9/2; Tavoy Tin 3/9; Bengal Potteries 4 small lot; Benares electric 12/6; Indian Iron and Steel 6/8; Saran Engineering 8; B. I. Corporation pref 125/8; Great Eastern Hotel 74; British Ceylon Corporation ordy 7/6; Indo Burma Petroleum pref 113 small odd lot; Titaghur Paper defd 7/8 cum div;
Rubber Shares:—Gleanealy 2 points 15 cts; Indragiri 1 points 15 cts.
Sugar Shares:—Carew and Co. 20; Champaran 21/10; Murree Brewery 178; South Behar 9/8.
Teas:—Betjan 29; Ellenbarrie 325; Hattikhira 27/12; Hesimara 43/14; Kalacherra 58; Ledo 245 ex div; Moheema ordy 15/8; Naga Hills 24 small lot; Namburnadi ordy 4/8; Namburnadi pref 17/8; Petrakola ordy 1075; Rajabhat 43/4; Rutema 13/8 small lot; Sonai River 22/10; Tezpore ordy 12/8; Tirrihannah 5/8.
Debentures:—6 1/2 per cent 1933/36/43 Hukumchand Jute Mills 104.—A.P.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 14.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 25/9; Highest Rs. 25/11; Lowest Rs. 25/8/3; Closing Rs. 25/9/6.
Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 22/2; Lowest Rs. 21/10/6; Closing Rs. 21/12.

GERMAN MORATORIUM CONTRACTS BUSINESS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE

JUTE AND ALL METALS EASY BUT LEAD FIRM

Wheat Easy On Late Reports Of Rain In Canada

WALL STREET DRIFTING IDLY

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 14.

The news of German moratorium had a contracting effect on business in the Stock Exchange. Later better disposition developed and values occasionally inclined to stiffen apart from German bonds which were all lower.

Imperial Chemicals were especially firmer and after hours further strengthened on repayment of a number of debenture issues. In Commodities, Wheat was easier in sympathy with America and late reports of rain in Canada.

German moratorium depressed jute and all metals except lead which was firmer.

The Labour situation coupled with German news caused Wall Street to drift idly, traders being cautious.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 14.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £90.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 14. 3-30 p.m.

Giltedged were quiet and irregular. Industrials generally were dull. Mining shares reacted after being firm. The general tone was quiet and prices rather irregular. The German moratorium caused a check on the normal progress in business.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 3/8) £77 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 5/8) £102 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 3/8) £109 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 3/8) £113 5/8
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 3/8) £102 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 9 1/2) dol 9 3/4
International Holding (dol 1 7/8) dol 1 7/8
Hydro Electric (dol 5 5/8) dol 6
Musical Industries (30-6) 30-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson (40-5) 40-6
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (35-10 1/2) 35-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical Def (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ord. (100) 100
Swedish Match (8-3) 8-3
Dunlop Rubber (46-9) 46-9
University Ordinary (22-1 1/2) 22-1 1/2
Ford Motors (30-3) 30-3
Cables and wireless (£7 1/4) £7 1/4
British American Tobacco (120-9) 116-3
Camera 'A' (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (123-6) 123-6
P and O S N Co Defd (16-6) 16-6
Distillers (90-9) 89-9
Bredrudg Dyers (13-6) 13-6
British Celonese (12-0) 12-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (63-0) 63-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (46-0) 44-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (10-0) 10-0
Wickers Ltd. Ordinary (10-6) 10-6
Inter Nickels (26 5/8) 26 5/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-3) 5-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£109-6) £109-6

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 14. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£76 1/4) £77
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£89 1/2) £90
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£112) £112
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-58 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£99) £99
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£111 1/2) £111 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/65 (£107 5/8) £107 5/8

TEA SHARES.

Asam Company (26-6) 26-6
Dora Tea (58-9) 58-9
Empire of India and Ceylon (35-0) 35-0

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11) 11

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-9) 25-0
Gula Kelampong (23-6) 23-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-4 1/2) 32-4 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-9) 56-9
Burma Corporation (12-7 1/2) 12-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (18 7/8) 18 7/8
East Rand Proprietary (39-3) 39-3
Rand Mines (145-0) 145-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (38-9) 39-4 1/2
Anglo Persian (48-9) 48-9
Burma Oil (76-10 1/2) 76-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (8-10 1/2 8-10 1/2
Shell Transport (46-0) 46-0
Royal Dutch (£19 1/4) £19 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Junec 14.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 33 1/4) dol 32 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 16 1/4) dol 15 3/4
U S Steel Common dol 42 7/8) dol 42 1/4
United States Steel preference (dol 87 1/2) unquote.

NEPAL C-in-C AT CROYDON

Sees Exhibition Of Fighting Machines

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

Croydon aerodrome was decorated with flowers and ferns and bright red carpet were laid in the main hall on the occasion of the visit of His Excellency the Commanding-General of Nepal, Bahadur Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana.

He was escorted to the tarmac where the Imperial Airways latest air liner "Dinna" was waiting to take the distinguished visitor for a flight.

The Commanding- General flew for between fifteen and twenty minutes and in the course of the flight, leading marks of London were pointed to him. It was his second flight, and he appeared thoroughly to enjoy the experience.

When the air liner returned to earth nine Bristol Bull Dogs of No. 17 Fighter Squadron took the air and gave an exhibition of low flying attacks.

His Excellency watched every manoeuvre keenly and congratulated the commanding officer of the Bull Dogs after the display.

An inspection of Croydon's civil air port completed the programme.—Reuter.

SEIZURE OF REVOLVER AND CARTRIDGES

Youth Arrested At Agartala

AGARTALA, June 14.

The State Police arrested a local youth Naresh Chatterjee and his young brother as sequel to the possession of a revolver, an automatic pistol, some implements for making cartridges, a quantity of gun powder and a large number of inflammatory literature.

Agartala, it may be stated is the capital town of the Feudatory Chief of hill Tepperah on the Assam Border which had of late been found to be used as an asylum by the terrorist absconders from Bengal.—United Press.

House Searches In Bengal

BERHAMPORE, June 14.

Several houses including that of Doctor Tribhuban Sen, a leading Medical Practitioner in this town were searched to-day in quest of arms and ammunitions to be utilised in furtherance of the terrorist movement.

Some local youths were taken to the Thana, but were subsequently let off after their statements were recorded.—United Press.

Earthquake In Afghanistan?

The Colaba Observatory Daily Report states:

"An earthquake shock of great intensity at its origin about 900 miles away with its epicentral region apparently in South Afghanistan along the border of Baluchistan about 150 miles west of Quetta was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 3 hrs. 43 mts. I. S. T. on Thursday, the 14th June."

'QUAKE SHOCK IN DERA ISMAIL KHAN

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, June 14.

An earthquake shock of slight intensity lasting for a few seconds was felt here at about four o'clock this morning.

People became panicstriken and came to open spaces and streets.

No house collapse or loss of life has been reported so far.—A.P.

'QUAKE SHOCK RECORDED AT DEHRADUN

DEHRADUN, June 14.

The Survey Seismograph at Dehradun recorded an earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin on the morning of June 14, beginning at 3 hours. 43 minutes. It is estimated that the epicentral region is about 400 miles away.—A.P.

PRIEST TO PAY COSTS

Gujranwala Temple Is Public Property, Say High Court

GUJRANWALA, June 12.

For many years the Hindu public had been keenly watching the trend of a litigation relating to a large property known as Baghichi. A suit for declaration of the property and the shrine attached thereto, was filed in the Court of the Senior Sub-Judge many years ago by L. Nihal Chand praying that the same be declared as a public one. The suit was strenuously contested by the Mahant in possession.

LOWER-COURT JUDGMENT

The Court dismissed the suit with costs, agreeing with the contention of the defendant that the property was in the private ownership of the Mahant.

Against this judgment an appeal was filed in the High Court. Meanwhile, the local Sikhs put in an application in the Gurdwara Tribunal praying that the shrine be declared a Gurdwara. This the Tribunal declared to be so.

APPEAL IN HIGH COURT.

An appeal by the Sikhs in the High Court was also rejected.

The appeal filed by L. Nihal Chand was heard by a Bench consisting of Justices Coldstream and Hilton. The hearing lasted for about a fortnight. Mr. Mukandlal Puri argued on behalf of the appellant for more than a week, and thoroughly discussed the hundreds of exhibits placed on the file.

JUDGMENT REVERSED.

R. B. Badri Das argued for the other side. Judgment has now been announced by the Hon'ble Judges of the High Court. They have accepted the appeal and have declared the shrine along with the property to be a public one. The Mahant has been burdened with the costs of the plaintiff in both courts.

L. Nihal Chand fought out this case with perseverance and sacrificed so much, that in order to defray the costs of the litigation he even parted with his residential house and other worldly effect. The judgment has given a great relief to the Hindus at large, and some of the public bodies celebrated the occasion by illuminations.—United Press.

SIX YOUTHS ARRESTED IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 14.

The Special Branch of Police raided several houses in North Calcutta this morning in connection with terrorist activities and arrested half a dozen young men, following an alleged seizure of packets of explosives.—United Press.

BARRACKS ON SCHOOL GROUNDS

TAMLUK, June 14.

It is understood that it has been decided to construct a Military Barrack on the football ground of the local Hamilton School for accommodation of a detachment of soldiers, who have been stationed in this town ever since the murder of Mr. Burge, District Magistrate in last September, and also unearth a big terrorist conspiracy at Midnapur with ramifications in all sub-divisional towns.—United Press.

HEAT WAVE IN DELHI

Municipal Schools Get Ten Days' Holiday

NEW DELHI, June 14.

Instance heat for the last few days is believed to be responsible for the outbreak of a jungle fire on the New Delhi Ridge last night. The flames travelled rapidly through grass and other undergrowth for about half a mile and were it not for the immediate response of the Fire Brigade it would have attained serious proportions. Luckily the stillness of the atmosphere which, though uncomfortable to the people, helped to check the extension of the fire.

In view of the intensity of heat which was responsible for the death of an eleven year old girl student on her return from school and other cases in which young students fainted, the Delhi Municipality resolved this morning to close all municipal schools for at least for ten days. The local government was also requested to close other schools.

The committee has decided to convert the insanitary plot lying between the Juma Musjid and the Edwards Park into a park.

Meningitis is now gradually subsiding in Delhi. During week ending June 9 there were only 6 cases with 5 deaths. On the other hand small-pox and measles are claiming more, victims there being three and two deaths respectively.—A.P.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR IN CALICUT

One Person Drowned In Boat Disaster

CALICUT, June 14.

The town experienced a heavy downpour of rain yesterday. The low-lying parts were flooded.

Near Feroke a country boat capsized as a result of which one person was drowned and two swam ashore.—United Press.

Cool Weather In Madras

MADRAS, June 14.

After sweltering heat in the past week, the city is experiencing comparatively cool weather.

The sky is overcast with clouds and it drizzles sometimes.—United Press.

SIR L. GRAHAM FOR ENGLAND

To Help Drafting India Bill

SIMLA, June 14.

Sir Lancelot Graham, Secretary of Registrative Department, Government of India, left this afternoon for Bombay and sails for England on Saturday.

TO HELP PREPARING INDIAN REFORMS BILL.

His main work in England will be to help Sir Maurice Gawyer who will be entrusted with the drafting of the Indian Constitution Bill.

Sir Lancelot Graham's present intention is to return to India in time for the first session of the reconstituted Assembly, but materialisation of his intention will depend on the turn of Indian affairs ni England.

Whether he will be required to stay there till the conclusion of introduction and consideration stages of India Constitution Bill in the House of Commons is now premature to say as it will be largely influenced by how the time-table of the Reforms Bill is drawn up.—United Press.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, June 13.

July 1934	12.13+1
October 1934	12.36
December 1934	12.48
January 1935	12.54+1
March 1935	12.65+1
May 1935	12.74+1
Spot	12.30

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, June 13.

July 1934	12.10—2
October 1934	12.33—1
December 1934	12.44—1
Spot	12.27

NEW YORK.
New York, June 13.

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
July 1934	12.15
October 1934	12.41
December 1934	12.51
New York Noon Call—	
July 1934	12.13
October 1934	12.37
December 1934	12.48

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, June 13.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports	5,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Days' Exports to the Continent	4,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, June 13.

SAKELLARIDIS :—	
July 1934	8.39
October 1934	8.44
November 1934	8.47
December 1934	8.48
January 1935	8.48
March 1935	8.52
May 1935	8.54
F. G. F. Spot	8.85

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, June 12.

BROACH :—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.28
Fine (Good Staple)	5.43
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.58
OOMRA :—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	5.39
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.54
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.69
BENGAL :—	
Good	4.07
Fine	4.17
Superfine	4.27
SCINDE :—	
Good	4.17
Fine	4.27
Superfine	4.37

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, June 13.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
June 1934		6.48
July 1934	6.46	6.47
August 1934		6.45
September 1934		6.43
October 1934	6.42	6.42
November 1934		6.33
December 1934		6.38
January 1935		6.38
February 1935		6.38
March 1935		6.38
April 1935		6.38
May 1935		6.38
June 1935		6.37
Middling Spot		6.75

SEEDS.
London, June 13.

Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, June/July sellers £9-5-0.

Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, June/July sellers £10-10-0.

LINSEED.
London, June 13.

Linseed Calcutta (London) per ton, June/July sellers £12-12-6.

Linseed La Plata, Hull c.i.f. per ton June/July sellers £10-17-6.

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton, June/July sellers £12-17-6.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, June 13.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels, June/July sellers 20/3.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, Parcels, June/July sellers 20/3.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, June/July sellers 24/9.

LONDON GOLD.
London, June 13.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-18-1-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, June 13.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-7/8 per cent to 0-15-16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1 per cent to 1 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days market Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

LONDON SILVER.
London, June 13.

Silver—Market quiet.

Spot	19-15/16
Forward	19-15/16

LONDON METALS.
London, June 13.

	£
Copper Braziers	45-1/2
Yellow Metal	37
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-5/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	16-3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B.	226-1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES.
London, June 13.

	£
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	16-1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	130-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10-3/4
National Bank of India	47-1/4
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	113-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	102-5/8
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	65-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	77
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	90-1/8
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	110-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent.	77-5/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952.	120 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	111

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Juue 13.

T. T. London on :—	
Berlin	13.21-1/2
Amsterdam	7.42-1/4
Brussels	21.57
Madrid	36.82
Milan	58.46
Berne	15.51
Paris	76.34
Prague	121.06
T.T. London on New York Closing rate	5.04-5/16

LINSEED OILS.
London, June 13.

Linseed Oils Naked London, per cwt., June paid 22/3.

Linseed Oils Naked London, per cwt., Sept./Dec. sellers 22-9

LONDON RUBBER.
London, June 13.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed lb. 6 11/16 sellers.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, June 13.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per cwt. June/July nominal 6/1-1/2.

C. & F. Bombay per cwt. June/July sellers 5/10-1/2.

C. & F. Karachi per cwt. June/July sellers 5/10-1/2.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York, June 13

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10-1/4.

MARKETS CLOSED

Being public holiday, the principal city markets were closed on Thursday.

BURMA CORPORATION'S OPERATIONS

The following information has been issued by the Assistant Secretary, Burma Corporation Ltd., Rangoon under date the 8th June, regarding their operations:—

Burma Corporation Limited—Bawdwin Mine. During the month of May 31,089 tons of ore were mined. 24,300 tons of Ore were milled in the Treatment Plant producing 8,376 tons of Leady Concentrates.

5,598 tons of Lead-bearing material were smelted in the Blast Furnaces, producing 2,784 tons Hard Lead for treatment in the Refinery.

Refinery Products were:—
5,880 tons Refined Lead.
490,000 ounces Refined Silver.

Experimental Zinc Plant produced 4,279 tons Zinc Concentrates, assaying 8,100 ounces of Silver, 5.400 per cent. Lead, 53.500 per cent Zinc.

In addition to the above 1,000 tons Copper Matte were produced from the treatment of accumulated smelter by-products and 6,562 tons Copper Ore.

100 tons of Refined Antimonial Lead and 400 tons Speiss were also produced.

Included in the tonnage of Refined Lead is 38 tons recovered from the smelting of Copper Ore.

PRIVATE CABLES—

From Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co.:—

Liverpool: More two-sided market. New buying about equalled profit taking. Weekly weather rather unfavourable East belt Texas but satisfactory elsewhere.

New York: Some profit taking on expectations better weather but crop reports generally unfavourable. We would consider recessions opportune for buying.

New York: July liquidation. Export improving. United States Government weekly weather report fairly favourable in the West unfavourable in the East. Renewed activity in goods market. We think the market is now a purchase on each decline.

New York: Realising due to rains in the West was well absorbed. Complaints of crop damage are increasing in the East.

INDORE PRODUCE MARKET

INDORE, June 14

(From Messrs. Gangadhar Waman and Co.)

Wheat seed and cotton Rate per mani of 6 mds. Bengal.

Wheat Bombay pass Rs. 23 24
Wheat Malwi Rs. 20 22
Wheat Pissi Rs. 18 19
Tilseed Rs. 30 35
Linseed Rs. 25 27
Jawar Rs. 10 11
Bajara Rs. 14 17
Lintal Rs. 15 17
Oil cakes Rs. 13 15
Cottonseed Rs. 10
Moog (Green) Rs. 16 18
Moog (Black) Rs. 10 12
Dhana Rs. 24 35
Ajavan Rs. 15 17
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal Rs. 75 80
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 mds. Bengal Rs. 68 75

Our Kathiawar Letter

GANDHIJI'S VISIT TO BHAVNAGAR

Eleventh Hour Change In Programme

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, June 11.

An eleventh hour change has been introduced in the programme of Mahatmaji during his intending Kathiawar Harijan tour, of which, due intimation was received by the President, Kathiawar Harijan Sevak Sangh, from Sjt. Thakkar Bapa, yesterday.

According to this change Mahatmaji will leave Ahmedabad on June 30th by the evening Express and will reach Bhavnagar on Junly 1st at 7-30 a.m. Since the second day July 2nd of his tour is silence day, no programme has been kept to facilitate Mahatmaji attending to his "Harijan" communications He will leave Bhavnagar, on the 3rd evening and will halt at Mehsanah for 2 hours to attend to Harijan work, on his way to Ajmer.

The meeting of Harijan workers which was to come off, last Saturday evening, has been postponed. Instead, the workers are reported to meet at Bhavnagar, to-day, to settle the final details of the programme the announcement of which will be made very shortly.

GAVRIDAR'S BEREAVEMENT.

Death is reported of the only prince aged 35 years the heir-apparent, to the Gavridar Taluka. The deceased, only son of Darbar Shree Dilipsinhji Ramsinhji, passed away during the early hours of last Saturday evening.

CHANGE OF WEATHER.

A change in weather has been noticed during the last 3 days. With the approach of the evenings, the sky gets overcast with clouds. It is followed by rolls of thunders flashes of lightning and a little drizzling with windy weather.

NIZAM POLICE CHIEF TO RETIRE

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), June 14.

The extension granted to Raja Bahadur Venkatarama Reddy, O.B.E., Commissioner of City Police, Hyderabad, will expire on June 30, and it is reported that H.E.H. the Nizam has issued orders directing that arrangements should be made for relieving him of his duties.

It is also understood that Nawab Rahmat Yar Jung, who received special training for succeeding to the Commissionership of City Police, will be confirmed in his present office as Director of the Atiyat (Crown Grants) Department, and that in all probability Mr. Sufi, Deputy Commissioner, will succeed Mr. Reddy.

The news of Mr. Reddy's impending retirement has been received with regret by all sections of the public, as apart from the high state of efficiency to which he brought the City Police, he enjoyed in a unique manner both public confidence and the trust of the Ruler.—United Press.

"Arethusa" Slightly Damaged

NEW DELHI, June 13.

The Indian Trans-Continental Airways' west-bound aircraft "Arethusa", which was delayed for a short time at Calcutta and eventually arrived at Jodhpur at 10-30 last night, slightly damaged its undercarriage by fouling the boundary post on landing at Jodhpur.

Pending the completion of repairs the Imperial Airways, Karachi, despatched their aircraft, "Helena," from Karachi at 11 last night to pick up the passengers and mail. "Helena" is expected in Karachi at 5-10 this afternoon and leaves at 2 a.m. to-morrow arriving at Basra the same day and Cairo at the scheduled time. —A. P.

Broach opening 212
Broach closing 210
Wheat flour Maida per bag of 95 srs 10
Wheat Rawa per bag of 95 srs 11
Wheat Ata per bag of 90 srs 8
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs 3

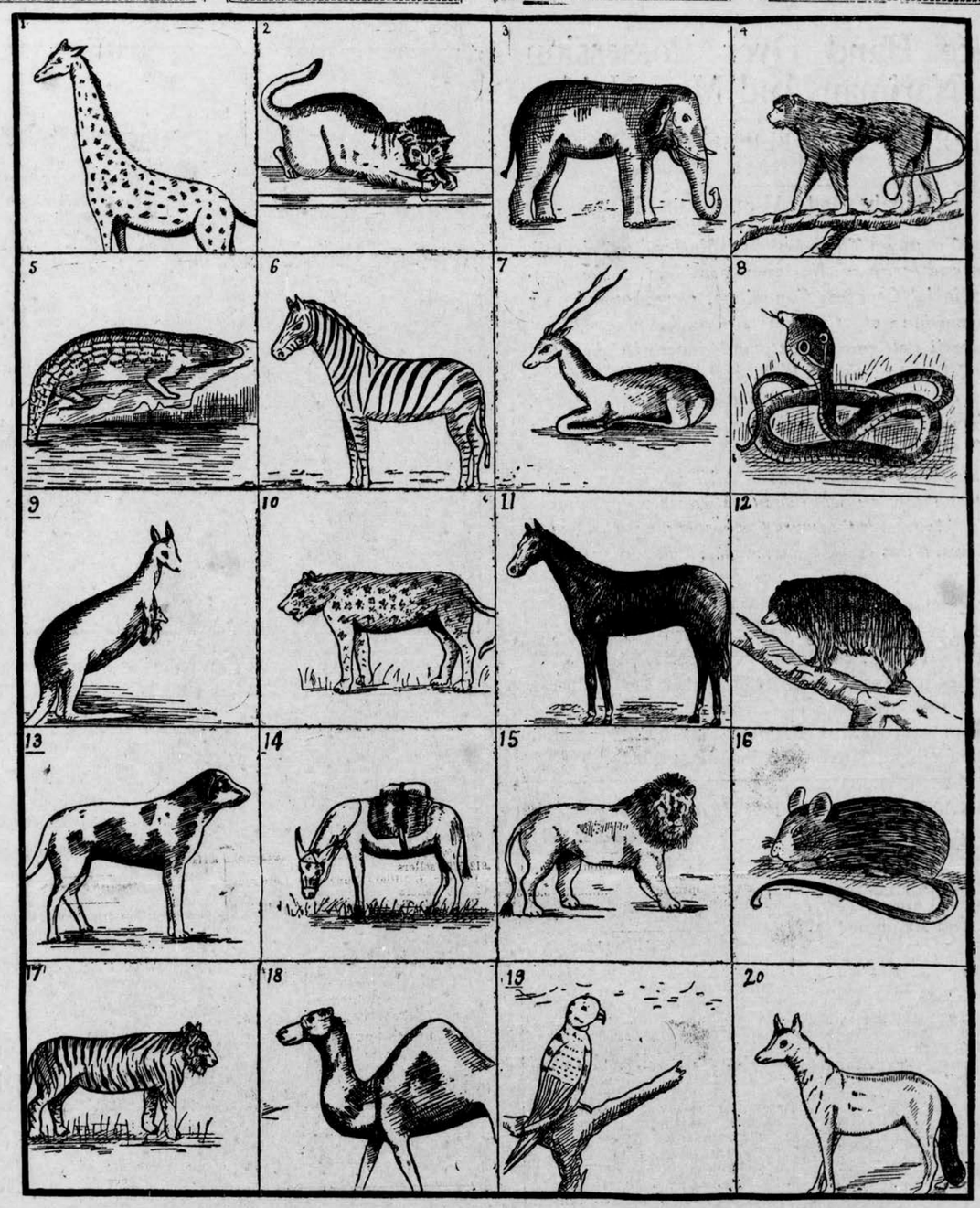
Shares:—
100 P N Bhandari Ltd L State Mills 30
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd 96
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (ordy) 112
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd (Pref) 103
100 Nandalal Bhandari Mills Ltd 84
100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd 135
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd 20
100 Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd 4
100 Binod Mills Ltd 100
500 Bhagarathi Spinning and Weaving Mills Ltd 1
50 Indore Navayouga Mills Ltd 1
25 Indore Co-operative Bank Ltd 12/8
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd 1
25 Indore Co-operative Dairy Ltd 3
25 Bank of Indore Ltd 19
10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd 14/8
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd 1

Bullion:—
Gold bar per tola 36
Silver per 100 tolas 55/4

Indore Malwa United Mills share buying London Co. Agents at Bombay so it is understood that the Malwa Mills share going up 100 after 10 days.

"CHARACTERISTICS" COMPETITION

1st Prize	2nd Prize	3rd Prize	AND
Rs. 500	Rs. 200	Rs. 100	Rs. 200 CONSOLATION PRIZES.



"Characteristic" competition is very simple. Each one of the twenty animals has its own peculiar characteristic. For instance a Giraffe has a long neck. You have therefore to fill No. 20 of the clues given against No. 1 of the illustration in the coupon. To make the competition simple to our readers the full list of all the clues is also given.

RULES

1. After you have selected the right characteristic for the creatures illustrated, enter only the NUMBER of the clue, against the Number of illustration as shown in the coupon. "Do not Enter the Words of the Clue."

2. When you have filled in all the clues, write your name and address in full, enclose eight annas in stamps and post your entries to

THE COMPETITION MANAGER,
POST BOX NO. 706, BOMBAY.

(3) Each cover must bear the name and address of the competitor, stating the number of entries enclosed.

(4) Competitors may submit any number of entries, providing a separate entrance fee of EIGHT ANNAS is enclosed for each entry. A competitor, however, cannot win more than one prize in this competition.

(5) Local competitors, may if they so wish, hand in their entries personally and obtain a receipt for the same, paying cash on week days from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

(6) Insufficient entrance fee enclosed with entries will disqualify the competitors submitting such.

(7) All entries must be received in this office by the last post on 15TH JUNE, 1934, closing date. Any entry received after this date will not be included in the Competition.

(8) Corrections or mutilations of entries will disqualify the competitor.

(9) In case of ties, the Management reserves the right to distribute the prize money among the winning competitors.

(10) All Competitors enter this competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is final and legally binding in all matters pertaining to this competition, and no correspondence will be entered into.

(11) This is a combined Competition of the "Bombay Chronicle," the "Bombay Sentinel" and the "Bombay Samachar". The prizes will be announced on the 27th June, 1934.

LIST OF CLUES

1. KING OF THE JUNGLES
2. SPOTTED
3. LAYS EGGS BUT NOT A BIRD
4. USED FOR TRANSPORT
5. DANGEROUS TO LIFE
6. ENEMY OF RATS
7. STRIPED
8. ACCOMPANIES MADARIES OR NATCHWALAS
9. DELICATE AND SWIFT
10. VERY SLY
11. WORSHIPPED BY HINDUS
12. BEAST OF BURDEN
13. LIVES UNDERGROUND
14. MAN'S FRIEND
15. CARRIES ITS YOUNG WITH IT
16. SHIP OF THE DESERT
17. IMITATES
18. IMMENSE STRENGTH
19. MOVES WITH BOUNDS, FOUND ONLY IN ONE COUNTRY
20. LONG NECK.

ENTRY COUPON

No. of Illustration	No. of Clues.	No. of Illustration	No. of Clues.
1	20	11	
2		12	
3		13	
4		14	
5		15	
6		16	
7		17	
8		18	
9		19	
10		20	

Name.....

Address.....

.....

Closing Date 15th June 1934

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has a net work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
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J8

BOMBAY FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1934

Congress House Restored To People

Police Hand Over Possession To Nariman And Mrs. Naidu

NATIONAL FLAG FLIES ONCE MORE OVER IT

Jinnah Hall Also Restored

At 10 a. m. on Thursday, Mr. Mathradas Tricumji, Trustee, and Mr. K. F. Nariman, President, of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, were handed over the possession of Congress House, by Khan Bahadur Cawasji Pettigara, Dy. Commissioner of Police, Mr. Mohanlal Desai of the C. I. D., and Mr. Bird, Superintendent of Police. Along with Congress House, Dadabhoy Manzil was also formally handed over to the B. P. C. C.

Regarding the adjustment of liabilities, it is understood that the police will submit a statement of accounts shortly. As regards the future payment of municipal and other taxes, it was decided that they should be borne, from Thursday onward by the Congress.

Regarding the restoration of the Jinnah Hall, as Mrs. Naidu's presence was necessary, she was fetched from the Taj Mahal Hotel, and on her arrival, the Hall was formally handed over, after which the police guard was removed.

There was a formal National Flag hoisting and salutation by both Mr. Nariman and Mrs. Naidu.

Gandhiji and Pandit Malaviya entering Mani Bhuvan.

Miss Muriel Lester and Miss Agatha Harrison who are touring with the Mahatma

MAHATMA'S 'NO' TO NARIMAN

Messrs. K. F. Nariman and Abid Ali Jafferbhoy interviewed Mahatmaji on Thursday afternoon and requested him to perform the formal opening ceremony of the Congress House.

Gandhiji declined, on the ground that he had taken a vow not to take part in Congress activities till August 7.

Mr. Nariman will, therefore, formally open the Congress House on Sunday next.

DISSOLUTION OF ASSEMBLY

Official Announcement Will Be Made In September

SIMLA, June 14.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of India are in correspondence with the Provincial Governments regarding the dates of filing nominations and elections for the Assembly.

It is estimated that in some provinces election will start early in November and by December 15 it will be completed. One or two provinces, where weather conditions may delay election, may not complete their task until about the end of December.

It is learnt that an Official Notification ordering dissolution of the present Assembly will be issued about September 30, that is, after the conclusion of the autumn session of the Assembly, but not before three months prior to expiry of the life of the present Assembly which was extended till December 31.—United Press.

SIMLA ABDUCTION CASE

Third Suspect Stands His Trial

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 13.

The last of the three cases arising out of the alleged abduction of a Hindu girl opened to-day before Mr. Azizuddin Ahmad, Magistrate against one Nasrullah who entered the Court-room, completely covered with a shawl only his eyes and nose being visible.

He is charged under Section 368 I.P.C. concealing kidnapped person.

The complainant girl reiterated her story stating that Subhan Butt, accused in the second case, brought her to the house of accused Nasrullah who kept her locked in a room. Next day she told the wife of the accused Nasrullah that she had been abducted by the accused Abdul Ghaffar and Abdul Ghani. She advised the complainant to embrace Islam and marry a Muslim, when she (complainant) tried to attract the attention of a few passers-by, peeping through the window for her rescue. Nasrullah pushed her in and locked her until she was taken away by accused Subhan Butt.

Cross-examined by Malik Barkat Ali complainant said that when she passed the Ridge she saw one or two men and made a noise to attract their attention but they did not hear her.

Q: Did you make any sign by hand to attract the notice of passers-by?

A: No, I did not, as they (accused) had threatened to kill me if I did so.

Mr. Ramlal Anand, Lawyer from Lahore appeared to-day on behalf of the complainant.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE

ALLAHABAD, June 13.

What is regarded as a rare example of journalistic enterprise in India was shown by "The Leader" which obtained a copy of the High School and Intermediate examination results from Nani Tal by aeroplane.

From Naini Tal to Bareilly the copy was conveyed by motor car and thence by 'plane belonging to the Indian National Airways to Allahabad which was reached at about 7 this evening.—A.P.

Rugby.—Sir Phillip Sassoon, Under Secretary for Air, replying in commons to question about danger to aircraft from overhead electric pylons at Croydon said that orders had been issued for their immediate reduction to maximum height of 35 feet.—B.O.W.

GANDHIJI TO INTERVENE?

Purshottam Tricumdas To Carry Offer Of Arbitration

The intervention of the Congress in the Bombay Textile Dispute appears to be certain in view of pourparlers, which Mahatma Gandhi had at Mani Bhuvan soon after his arrival in Bombay.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, the Secretary of the Labour Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, met Gandhiji and acquainted him with the Strike situation in the City.

As a result of the talk, it is understood, Mr. Purshottam will put himself in touch with the Strike leaders and ascertain from them if they are agreeable to refer the matter for arbitration and also accept the award of such arbitration.

If the Strike leaders are agreeable to Congress intervention in this matter, it is considered likely that Mahatma Gandhi may exert his influence with the local millowners and then a serious move for the settlement of the Textile

MILLOWNERS' NEW TACTICS

Workers Resent Levy Of Police Tax

Two more mills were opened on Thursday morning: The Jam No. 2 and the Moon Mills.

Mr. Choudhari, Secretary of the Unemployed Workers' League, was assaulted on Wednesday night and removed to the K. E. M. Hospital.

While the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Congress are making efforts to bring about a settlement of the Bombay Textile Strike, the Joint Strieke Committee is being faced with a serious problem in its own ranks. A protracted sitting of the Committee on Wednesday failed to reach any decision about the Girni Kamgar Union and the Roy Group of the Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union's decision to sever their connections with the Joint Strike Committee.

Millowners Active

The millowners, who had taken full advantage of the situation created by the deadlock in the Strike Committee, were able to persuade the management of the China Mills, Hirji Mills Union Mills and the Jacob Sassoon Spinning and Weaving Mills to keep their doors open on Thursday morning. This brings the total of the Mills kept open upto 44.

Police Tax Resented

Some workers of the Phoenix Mills are reported to have been dissatisfied with the imposition of a tax of 4 annas per head, to cover the cost of the police upkeep by the management. They therefore left the Mills in a body yesterday after the mid-day interval. On Thursday morning about another 100 men walked out of the mills for the same reason.

Efforts To Maintain Solidarity

The Strike Committee have redoubled their energies and are carrying on an intensive campaign to keep the men together and prevent the millowners from taking greater advantage of the situation created in their ranks.

MORE OPERATIVES THAN WANTED!

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, June 14.

The recent split in the Joint Strike Committee of Bombay has told upon the unity and strength of the strikers in Kurla.

The position has totally reversed here since a week. Instead of the usual want of operatives in several departments, the millhands, who turn up every morning is in excess of the requirements.

This morning, when the Swadeshi Mills resumed work, 3,057 workers put in their appearance, but after taking in 2,893, the rest for whom no work could be found were sent back by the management. This shows that 164 millhands, who wanted to earn their daily bred, were forced to remain idle.

Nothing is definitely known regarding the present intention of the management of the New Kurla Mills.

PUNJAB LABOUR BOARD

Offers Prayers For Success Of Strike

LAHORE, June 12.

A meeting of the Punjab Labour Board, Lahore, was held on 10th June. Mr. M. A. Ghani was in their chair. Representatives of about 20 Trade Unions and Labour organisations were present.

Deep sympathy was expressed with the Bombay textile strikers and prayers were offered for their success. A strong appeal was made to the Government to start relief works to cope with the unemployment problem. The workers were enjoined to organise themselves and affiliate themselves with the Board which was declared to be the only active Central and Federated Union of the Trade Unions and Labour Organisations in the Province.—A.P.

RADHAKANT MALAVIYA'S PAMPHLET

"Communal Award Criticised And Examined"

ALLAHABAD, June 13.

Pandit Radhakant Malaviya, son, of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has compiled a pamphlet of 110 pages entitled the "Communal Award, examined and criticised" with a foreward by Mr. C. Y. Chintamani who writes that the Award will make territorial, national or non-communal patriotism very difficult. It will result in increased communal tension outside and inside the legislatures and it will be farcical to call the scheme by the name of reform, designed to lead India onward to full rights of National self-government.

The pamphlet is a collection of the views on the subject by leading politicians and publicists like Sir Ali Imam, Dr. Ansari, Dr. Mahmud, Mr. Chintamani, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Sir Sivaswami Aiyer, Sir M. Vishveswaraya, Mr. M. Abul Kalam Azad, Mr. S. Sinha, Pandit H. N. Kunzru, Mr. Sherwani, Sir N. N. Sircar and also the opinions of the Press.

Sir N. N. Sircar denies the correctness of the contention that the Communal Award is of the nature of an arbitral Award and gives his reasons.—A. P.

"CITIZENS" MANIFESTO CONDEMNED

KARACHI, June 14.

At a special meeting of the Karachi Municipal Corporation convened to discuss the Citizens' Manifesto, Doctor Lalvani moved the following resolution:

"That the Karachi Municipal Corporation strongly condemns the 12 citizens in issuing the Manifesto relying on baseless accounts appearing in the Press, which for obvious reasons has made a vain effort to bolster up the inefficient regime of teh present Chief Officer.

"The Corporation particularly resents the slur cast on a worthy Mayor and making unfounded allegations of disorder in the Corporation meetings and repudiates ahe allegations of delaying tactics."

The resolution was adopted after 3½ hours' hot discussion.—United Press.

POPULARISING TELEPHONES

Scheme For Next Autumn

SIMLA, June 13.

The Associated Press understands that the next big step in popularing the use of telephones in India may be taken by the authorities in Autumn.

The department concerned has been busy for some time taking stock of the situation in view of the fact that most of the local and trunk lines that could be undertaken without undue financial risk have been already laid. Now that this pioneer work is over the authorities have been considering the possibilities of making telephone cheaper and introducing a more convenient system of hire.

It may be expected that when the new system is introduced telephones will be hired either on annual or monthly basis. The annual rates which are still being worked out may show a reduction in some cases of about 20 to 25 per cent compared to existing rates. The monthly rates too will be considerably lower than the existing ones and an additional attraction of a 10 per cent discount may be provided to those who pay their bills promptly.

The scheme even when finally sanctioned will require some time for administrative details to be worked out and the accounts system to be changed so that it is not possible to bring it into operation befoer early Autumn this year.—A.P.

MEASURE OF ECONOMY

Forest Rangers College Remains Closed

SIMLA, June 13.

The question of restarting the Forest Rangers College at Dehra Dun is now under the consideration of the Government of India and a decision may be expected at an early date. The College was closed as a measure of economy but the financial position may now permit its re-opening.—A.P.

The Cochin Harbour Conference resumed its sitting after lunch when Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sir C. P Ramaswami Iyer made an exhaustive review of the cases of Cochin and Travancore respectively.—A. P.

HYDERABAD HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH

Why The President Had To Resign

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), June 14.

Mahatma Gandhi's visit to Hyderabad has had an interesting sequel in the circumstances leading to the resignation of Mr. Vaman Naik from the Presidentship of the Hyderabad Harijan Sevak Sangh.

It will be recalled that Gandhiji had to curtail his visit, owing to the Police stopping him from visiting certain quarters for which previous permission had not been taken, the result has been that the majority of the members of the Sangh sent in a requisition to Mr. Naik who was at the time the Chairman of the Reception Committee to tende his resignation.

This he has done, and the Central Board of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh has accepted his resignation, and approved of the appointment of Mr. R. Narayan Reddy as President. A strong Advisory Board with Major M. G. Naidu and others has been formed, and it is confidently expected that the Sangh, now free of conflicting interests, will work with greater success than it has done in the past.—United Press.

London.—The following constitute the Oxford team against Cambridge on July 9, 10 and 11; Chaik (Brasenose); Captain) Walker (Brasenose), Townsend (New) Tindall (Trinity) Barlow, Seamer, Mitchell Innes (Brasenose), De Saram (Keble), Singleton (Brasenose) Dyson (Christ Church) Knight (Wadham).—Reuter

"RUMOUR OF MILL STRIKE FIZZLING OUT BASELESS"

Marwari Relief Society Secretary Urges For Greater Help To Starving Strikers

The Girni Kamgar Union has issued a statement to the effect that only the mill strikers are given help by the Marwari Relief Society and therefore other unemployed persons should not go to the Relief Centres for securing passes.

The centre of the above society situated at De Lisle Road was thronged by help-seekers and there was much more demand for passes to-day. The society has arranged to distribute grains at Madanpura as well.

The society reliably understands that the rumour about working of 37 Mills is baseless. There are only 20 mills working partly with smaller number of workers, and 17 mills open for an hour or so. As a matter of fact strikers are still adamant and those who have been approached for help should not therefore hesitate in sending their quota.

TAGORE INVITED TO TRAVANCORE

MADRAS, June 13.

A Negercoil correspondent says that Dr. Rabindranath Tagore who is now touring Ceylon, has been invited to visit Travanore.—A.P.

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